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OLD SERIES—VOL LXV—NO 3,356

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, 1900.

NEW SERIES—VOL. XVIII—NO

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Respectfully yours,
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Adjutant of Ephriam Weston Post 87, G. A. R.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., April 25th. 1900.
MR. J. M LAMB,
DEAR SIR:
I have examined the monument that you erected at my mother's grave. We are all well pleased with it in every respect. The color of material is superior to anything that I have seen. The inscription and design are as good as could be desired.
Respectfully yours,
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THE SENATORIAL PRIMARY.

The following editorial appeared in the Daily OBSERVER of March 13th and the Weekly of March 15th:

SENATORIAL PRIMARIES.

The Sampson Democrat is properly alive to the very important question of removing from the State campaign, which will be chiefly concerned with the paramount issue of the Constitutional Amendment, the disturbing influences of the senatorial contest. It says:

"The question of having Senatorial primaries, is one that has been discussed but very little thus far, and yet it is one that will evidently come up in our State convention. The State platform in 1898, declared in favor of electing United States Senators by the people, and our State Executive Committee passed a resolution at its last meeting to the same effect, urging that the matter of Senatorial primaries be considered by the Democrats in their conventions. As a matter of course, this question will be settled in the State convention, and, therefore, should be considered, and some recommendations made in our first county convention. The idea of the party managers seems to be to eliminate the selection of Senator, or any influences in that direction, entirely from the August election. And at a later day, when Congressmen are chosen, to have a primary for the purpose of letting the people express their choice for Senator. This plan would relieve the Legislative nominees of any embarrassement or from any responsibility. Usually the aspirants to this office and their friends try desperately hard to get the candidates for the Legislature to commit themselves on the campaign. But we are not here discussing the wisdom of the proposed plan of selecting the Senators. Our purpose now is to call attention to the fact that the convention which meets to select delegates to the State convention should take some action on the matter of Senatorial primaries. We will say, however, that nothing should be allowed to enter into the approaching State campaign, if possible to avoid it, that would divert attention from the Amendment, which is of more vital importance to North Carolina than all else combined."

The Democrats of Cumberland are the first to tackle this question. They adopted, unanimously, in their county convention, on Saturday, this resolution:

"*Resolved*, That the delegates sent by this Convention to the State Convention be and they are hereby instructed to vote for and do all in their power to secure the passage of an instruction to the Executive Committee to hold a primary election for the choice of the Democratic nominee for United States Senator for the term beginning in 1901; that said primary be held on the national election day in November next; and that those who that day vote the Democratic ticket be entitled to vote in said primary."

That, we believe, completely meets the suggestions of our contemporary, and is, it seems to us, the only possible course to take in the premises.

The Democratic organization in North Carolina is not now in complete alignment with the national organization, as the electorate called into our primaries, if we understand it, is composed of all white men who intend to vote for the State tickets, whether they be republicans, Bryan populists, Skinner populists, McKinley "democrats," Palmer and Buckinerites, democratic ticket scratchers, or Democrats. We want the help of all who will join us in the purpose to remove the unendurable incubus of the solid mass of the ignorant negro voters. A large number of these allies will vote for McKinley and for Congressmen who will support McKinley's policy, and such men, who have been patriotic enough to join us in the White Supremacy contest, would be the last in the world to be willing to participate in the choice of a straight Democratic senator, who will be expected to oppose McKinley in all things.

The Cumberland resolution fits the situation and does exact justice to all interests.

No objection from any quarter, so far as we are aware, was made to the Cumberland Resolution or to the propositions laid down in the editorial which we have just quoted. On the other hand, high praise was accorded to that Resolution in at least one of the Raleigh papers, and in many other quarters. Indeed, the matter was generally regarded as settled in advance of the meeting of the State Convention, the four known candidates for the Senatorship—the parties then most interested—having given their hearty assent to the primary plan. The Cumberland Resolution merely formulated what was in the public mind. As the State Convention was called by the Democratic organization, it was powerless to take action in a purely Democratic matter such as it is now claimed by a McKinley member of the platform committee it did take.

Apart from the merits of the case, it is impossible to carry out the propositions of the McKinley member referred to. There is no possible and feasible plan by which those who voted the Amendment ticket in August can be ascertained with certainty. At the November election, not only will every one who then votes the Democratic ticket have proved his Democracy by so doing, but the Democratic Senatorial primary poll holders will have the proof before them at the moment.

Let us have done with splitting hairs with the traitors whom our folly in 1898 caused us to fuse with.

The Kind of "Fusionists" to Kick At.

Maxton Scottish Chief.

Some of the gold bug McKinleyites express a holy horror of Bryan Fusionists. We are not running anybody off just now who wants to vote the Democratic ticket. Let them "fuse" if they want to. We believe in Democratic principles and the only way to put them in force is to get a majority of electoral votes for Bryan and a majority in Congress. The fusion of professed Democrats with McKinley is the "fusion" that we kick at.

Weather Signal Flags.

The weather signal service has been resumed in this city, and the flags will be displayed from the top of Horne's drug store daily, from 11 a. m. indicating the weather until 8 p. m. next day. The white flag indicates clear or fair weather; the blue flag, rain or snow; white and blue, local rains; white flag with black square in centre, cold wave.

DO THEY TAKE THE PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR FOOLS?

We find the following in the "Mill News," a textile journal published at Charlotte:

"President McKinley has many friends among the Southern cotton manufacturers, even those who have been life-long Democrats, and his recent appointment of Mr. D. A. Thompkins as successor to Mr. Ellison A. Smythe, of Pelzer, S. C., a member of the Industrial Commission, will not decrease their number."

As it is understood that Mr. Thompkins (who, by the way, is the chief owner of the Charlotte Observer) intends to vote for McKinley, and repudiates the Democratic platform, this suggestion that he is still a Democrat brings us face to face with the root of all our party troubles in North Carolina. One can have abundant respect for a Republican or a Populist who calls himself by his party name and stands by his party, but none for those who use a party name only to betray it.

Chairman Simmons, in October last, put the brand of infamy upon these political decoys when he excommunicated the Asheville Gazette. The last paragraph of his famous and scathing bill of indictment was as follows:

"Undoubtedly, any newspaper has a right to change its political affiliations at the will of its editor or owners, but when this is done, honesty, as understood in North Carolina, requires a public announcement of the change. Undoubtedly, a newspaper can, if so disposed, sell its opinion for gold. There is no law against it, but to do so is regarded, at least in North Carolina, as both low and base. There is no sort of doubt that The Asheville Gazette is now being edited under Republican auspices, and that it is not only a Republican paper, seeking in every way possible to serve Republican interest in North Carolina, but that it is the State organ of the Republican party, receiving its daily inspiration from Holton, Pritchard and Pearson. Its pretence of being a Democratic paper is a miserable fraud upon the public, and its attempt to pass itself off as a Democratic paper is a part of a wretched scheme, deliberately concocted by the Republican managers to deceive the people concerning the object and effect of the Amendment. This despicable scheme illustrates perfectly the plan of campaign the Republican leaders and bosses propose to make against the Amendment. The people of North Carolina hate treachery and despise a spy, and I am glad you have, by your inquiries, given me this opportunity to tear away the false colors under which the Gazette is sailing, and expose to the gaze of fair minded men of all parties the miserable sham."

If McKinley should carry North Carolina, it will be done by the making of treachery respectable by covering it with the cloak of Democracy. We trust the Democratic party will not make a discrimination against Bryan in its treatment of these spies and shams.

VANCE'S GREATEST SERVICE TO THE STATE

On the morning of the unveiling of the Vance monument at the capital, the Raleigh News and Observer published a "symposium" of the views of a number of persons in response to the inquiry "what was the most conspicuous service rendered by Vance to the State?" We reproduce one of those articles. We do this because it differs from those of nearly all the other writers, and because we think the whole lesson of Vance's life is missed if we overlook the supreme test of the man's moral strength to which he was subjected in the last year of his life, but out of which he emerged so triumphantly.

We can hear the voice of the thoughtless saying that the general impression is that his closing days were embittered by defeat at the hands of the all-powerful President of his country. When one begins to answer that criticism, he has entered upon the road which leads straight to the true conception of Vance's greatness. It was comparatively easy for such a man, when in supreme power in his State, to do the just and thoughtful things which he did. And it was comparatively easy for him, backed by all that was good and noble in the same community, to do what he did in 1876. But to stand out against the omnipotent monarch whom our perverted Constitution puts at the head of this consolidated Federal government, on a simple issue of loyalty to his trust, and when almost all the wealth and influence of the State he had saved had gone over to the other side, was something very different.

Powerful influences are at work to minimize this crowning act of Vance's glorious life, for its recognition stings the conscience of each one who hounded him then; but, mark our word, out of every hundred persons who gaze upon the mute figure at Raleigh, ninety-nine will have that feature of his life and character in their minds and hearts.

An Old Question.

New York World

"One man in his time plays many parts."

As a lawyer, Mr. Stanley, of Kansas, defended a negro murderer, and after his sentence wrote to the Governor a strong indorsement of the negro's application for a pardon. Now, as Governor Stanley, of Kansas, he has had to pass upon a new application for his old client's pardon, and his own letter, written as a lawyer, has been laid before him.

But he refuses to grant the pardon and says that as Governor it is his right and duty to view the matter "in an entirely different light."

This raises the very interesting though by no means new question: In the code of legal ethics what does a client's fee buy and what does it leave unbought?

LETTER FROM FLORIDA.

TALLAHASSEE, FLA.,
Aug. 19, 1900.

Editor Observer:

There are a great many tarheels in this vicinity and the good news from the Old North State elections was celebrated by many by a day off for jollification.

This is a quiet, old city on the hills. It looks almost like mountains, to the surprise of strangers who do not expect to see even hills in Florida.

The largest thing here next to the cemetery is the old dilapidated capitol building which seems to be almost the only thing for Tallahassee. The newspapers of the State are trying to have the capital removed to Jacksonville or some other place, which no doubt would be of more convenience to the State at large.

One who has not stayed long here can give no idea what Florida is. They say it is 1,100 miles from Pensacola to Key West. It is rich in timber, fruits and turpentine; also in curiosities. Near here is the Natural Bridge across Saint Mark's river. The river is wide but sinks and leaves a bridge about two hundred feet wide. During the civil war there was quite a battle fought here.

Near here is also Lost Creek: it is a large stream, and all at once it disappears. Also in a great many places are lime sinks that show underground rivers of large size. There are two near here which are a few hundred yards apart, and when the sun shines you can get in one and see to the other.

There are lots of boiling springs; and alligators without number, and fish, too; and fever enough to kill lots of people and keep the rest looking and feeling bad. One of the worst fevers they have here is the continued fever, which is a type of the typhoid. Quinine does it no good, but makes it worse. The Doctors leave it to take its course.

Mr. R. B. Lutterloh, from Fayetteville, has a very large turpentine business near here, and I am told works over one thousand hands.

This county (Leon) has a population of 4,000 whites and 16,000 blacks. Once in the days of reconstruction every officer in the county was black. Since the whites threw off the yoke and put the right qualifications for voters, the blacks take no interest in politics and never run a ticket but attend to their own business, and, as a general thing, they are getting along well and behave themselves well.

It has been a very wet year here; it has rained every day for forty five days but two. The sunshine is awful hot: it will pop popcorn if you leave it in the sun, and children not raised here can't stand it atall. It is just impossible for anyone to do near the work they can do in North Carolina. They can't stand to do it, for human nature can only stand so much.

The OBSERVER did fine work in the campaign. I only wish I could have been home to vote.

With kindest regards and best wishes.
J. G.

"Getting Rid of Conventions"

Under this head the Atlanta Constitution contains an editorial that is entitled to the serious consideration of all honest men, especially of those who have witnessed the recent examples in this State of the perversion of the will of great conventions. Says our able contemporary:

"The Republican State convention of Wisconsin has declared in favor of a law for the nomination of State officers by a direct vote of the people, thus abolishing State nominating conventions. Such a law would be an improvement on the convention plan, for the adept political bosses now have the art of controlling conventions to suit themselves. Some change has long been needed. The necessity was recognized in Georgia several years ago, and now the candidates for State offices, as well as the candidates for Congress, are nominated by the people at the polls.

"Judges of the courts are also nominated in the same way, and when a United States Senator is to be elected, the people choose the man they desire the legislature to elect by votes cast at the primary. Thus far, the plan works well. Everybody is satisfied because of the knowledge that the primary represents the will of the voters.

"There is no reason why all the States should not get rid of bossism in this way. The cost of the nominating primary does not fall on the State, but comes out of the pockets of the various candidates and their friends. We commend the Georgia plan to those who are seeking a cheap and easy method of securing party harmony and unity in the matter of nominations."

We Hope the Coast Line Will Get It.

Raleigh News and Observer.

Among the interesting railroad rumors that are always afloat is one to the effect, says the Augusta Chronicle, that the Atlantic Coast Line is going to bid against the Southern Railway in the matter of hauling the fast mails from New York to New Orleans. The Southern now hauls these mails, going via Atlanta. If the Coast Line gets the contract the mails will go via Augusta. The Atlantic Coast Line now owns and controls roads which stretch almost from New York to New Orleans. Having a half interest in the Georgia to Atlanta gives it a direct line from New York to that point. There it connects with the Atlanta and West Point to Montgomery, Ala., at which place connection is made with the Louisville and Nashville system, which has a half interest in the lease of the Georgia road, and which is on friendly terms with the Coast Line people. The rumor is that the Coast Line will put in a bid for the contract and will endeavor to give such service as will warrant Uncle Sam in the change.

Free to Inventors.

The experience of C. A. Snow & Co. in obtaining more than 20,000 patents for inventors has enabled them to helpfully answer many questions relating to the protection of intellectual property. This they have done in a pamphlet treating briefly of United States and foreign patents with cost of same, and how to procure them; trade marks, designs, caveats, infringements, decisions in leading patent cases, etc., etc.

This pamphlet will be sent free to any one writing to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

VANCE'S GREATEST SERVICE.

It Was His Example of Fidelity to a Trust in a Corrupt Era.

Raleigh News and Observer's Souvenir Edition.

Everything considered, I think it must be said that Vance stands above any other man produced by us. He is the only North Carolinian who, since the war, has enjoyed what may properly be termed a national reputation. He was better known beyond the United States than any citizen of this State has ever been. He was, for example, one of the few Southern men who have received the distinction of being made honorary members of the Cobden Club. He was held in high esteem by the learned men from all parts of Europe who compose its membership, and his death was appropriately noted by them.

A noble tribute was paid to Vance by Mr. Bryan in his book, "The First Battle." He said that he was "one of the grandest public men given to this nation, not alone by North Carolina, but by the entire country." That is extraordinary praise, which the people are better prepared to appreciate now than when it was uttered—both because they know Mr. Bryan better and because reflection upon the career of Vance has informed even them. Indeed, the two men were very much alike in mental and moral make-up, and the younger patriot spoke of the older with the discernment of sympathy.

Vance's predominant traits were his devotion to duty; his modesty; and his sense of gratitude—"gratitude," as one who loved him said, "to God and man for the blessings of affection."

I have placed his sense of duty first, because that overshadowed all his other virtues. This inspired his loyalty to a trust, which was absolute; and so to his party obligations. Correlatively, he scorned a party bolter, but had an even greater contempt for the man who ought to bolt, but who retained the benefit of his party's name while giving aid and comfort to the enemy. Nevertheless, he was charitable to the last degree towards those who openly changed their beliefs when free to do so.

Upon the surface, his most conspicuous service to the State would seem to be, either his conduct of her affairs during the war, or his rescue of her people in 1876 from a condition which had been worse than war. But those were things which his genius and his patriotism readily enabled him to do, great as they were. Far beyond them, it seems to me, was his stand for principle and party loyalty in the memorable contest with Mr. Cleveland in 1893. Here his devotion to duty shone with effulgence. To one hand was held out to him the prospect of personal ease as the result of harmony with the powers that were, and of almost unlimited patronage as the reward of a betrayal of those who gave him his trust; on the other, the hostility of every favored interest in the land and all that they could influence. He calmly chose the latter alternative, because duty lay there, and straightway incurred such a torrent of abuse, from one end of the State to the other, as few men in our history have been subjected to.

Those who were near him know that he was fully aware of the penalty which he should pay for his honorable steadfastness; but he never faltered, nor did he doubt what would be the verdict of the silent masses.

His other great deeds, which were blessed with the reward of immediate material benefit to his people, pale into insignificance beside this last act in the drama of his life; and though his cause then fell beneath the weight of executive patronage used against him, it is the living principle of that great movement which is now sweeping over the land—a revolt against executive usurpation and legislative corruption.

Vance's contest at that turning point in our affairs with entrenched power and its sycophants, will stand, as long as history lasts, the noblest example of public virtue which any of our people have displayed.

That will be the lesson which his statue will teach, and with gathering force as time passes.

E. J. HALE.

Pain-Killer, as an internal remedy, has no equal in cases of colic, summer complaint, dyspepsia, dysentery, and rheumatism. It is the best liniment in the world. Its action is like magic, when applied to bad sores, burns, scalds and sprains. For the sick headache, and toothache, don't fail to try it. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain Killer, Perry Davis'. Price 25c. and 50c.

It will surprise you to experience the benefit obtained by using the dainty and famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. King Bros.

Be Careful

No woman can be too careful of her condition during the period before her little ones are born. Neglect or improper treatment then endangers her life and that of the child. It lies with her whether she shall suffer unnecessarily, or whether the ordeal shall be made comparatively easy. She had better do nothing than do something wrong.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

is the one and the only preparation that is safe to use. It is a liniment that penetrates from the outside. External applications are eternally right. Internal medicines are radically wrong. They are more than humbugs—they endanger life.

Mother's Friend helps the muscles to relax and expand naturally—relieves morning sickness—removes the cause of nervousness and headache—prevents hard and rising breasts—shortens labor and lessens the pains—and helps the patient to rapid recovery.

From a letter by a Shreveport, La., woman: "I have been using your wonderful remedy, Mother's Friend, for the last two months, and find it just as recommended."

Druggists sell it at $1 per bottle.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
ATLANTA, GA.
Send for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born."

107th Anniversary of the F. I. L. I.

The one hundred and seventh anniversary of the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry Company was celebrated on the historic shooting grounds of the Company, near the Cross Creek in the northeastern suburbs of the city, Thursday afternoon, by the annual target practice.

Five prizes were awarded for marksmanship. Distance two hundred yards. Twenty-three active and six veteran members of the Company participated. The weather was inauspicious, but notwithstanding a disagreeable rain was falling and strong winds prevailing, the score, while not as good as on former occasions, was, under the circumstances very creditable.

The first prize—a handsome set of silver tea-spoons—was won by Maj. E. L. Pemberton by a score of 20 out of a possible 25. The second prize—a beautiful gold-lined silver souvenir spoon—was won by Sergeant R. H. McDuffie on a score of 18. The third prize—a splendid tonsorial outfit—was awarded to Sergeant Carl Ledbetter, who won after contesting on a tie with Major J. G. Hollingsworth, the commander of the Company, on a score of 17. The fourth prize, to be presented to the member making the lowest score, was contended for by Privates Gordon Jessup, Ambrose Williams and C. L. Jones on a score of five "goose eggs." Each contestant was allowed one shot in shooting off the tie. The score again stood "0" for each man. It being the unanimous verdict that neither of them could hit the side of a house at ten paces, the contestants mutually agreed to waste no more ammunition, but to settle the question by drawing straws, the man getting the shortest straw to be considered the poorest marksman in the Company and to receive the prize—a small toy wooden gun. The prize was awarded to Mr. Ambrose Williams. The veteran's prize—a fine silk umbrella—was won by Mr. Chas. J. Ahearn on a score of 14 out of a possible 25.

Refreshments were served on the grounds, and the boys enjoyed themselves quite as well as they would had they not been ignored by the State committee in sending out invitations to the military of the State to participate in the ceremonies attending the unveiling of the Vance monument.

The Company, after the target practice, marched at once to a stand in front of the Hotel LaFayette, where the prizes were presented to the successful marksmen by Mr. J. H. Myrover in a beautiful speech, after which the Company repaired to their armory, broke ranks and dispersed.

Mr. Myrover, in the course of his remarks, reminded the splendid body of volunteer soldiery before him that, while neither they nor the Confederate Veterans of the county were honored with an invitation to take part in the august ceremonial doing honor to the memory of Vance in Raleigh, they had stood beside his remains as a guard of honor in the State Capitol in April, 1894, and their fathers, with their lives, their liberties, their all, had upheld the hands of the immortal Vance, North Carolina's great "War Governor of the South," from the opening battle guns of Bethel to the furling of the flag at Appomattox.

When to Stop Advertising.

An English journal requested a number of its largest advertisers to give their opinions concerning the best time to stop advertising, and the following replies were received:

When the population ceases to multiply, and the generations that crowd on after you and never heard of you stop coming on.

When you have convinced everybody whose life will touch yours that you have better goods and lower prices than they can get anywhere else.

When you stop making fortunes right in your sight solely through the direct use of the mighty agent.

When you can forget the words of the shrewdest and most successful men concerning the main cause of their prosperity.

When younger and fresher houses in your line cease starting up and using the journals in telling the people how much better they can do for them than you can.

When you would rather have your own way and fail than take advice and win.

FREE BLOOD CURE.

An Offer Proving Faith to Sufferers.

Is your Blood Pure? Are you sure of it? Do cuts or scratches heal slowly? Does your skin itch or burn? Have you Pimples? Eruptions? Aching Bones or Back? Eczema? Old Sores? Boils? Scrofula? Rheumatism? Foul Breath? Catarrh? Are you pale? If so purify your Blood at once with B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm). It makes the Blood Pure and Rich, heals every sore and gives a clear, smooth, healthy skin. Deep-seated cases like ulcers, cancer, eating sores, Painful Swellings, Blood Poison are quickly cured by B. B. B., made especially for all obstinate Blood and Skin Troubles. B. B. B. is different from other remedies because B. B. B. drains the Poison and Humors out of the Blood and entire system so the symptoms cannot return. Give it a trial. It cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Sold at drug stores at $1 per large bottle, 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. So sufferers may test it, a trial bottle given away absolutely free. Write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Write today. Describe trouble and free medical advice given.

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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The Royal is made from the most highly refined and wholesome ingredients, and is the embodiment of all the excellence possible to be attained in the highest class baking powder.

Royal Baking Powder costs only a fair price, and is cheaper at its price than any similar article.

Samples of mixtures made in imitation of baking powders, but containing alum, are frequently distributed from door to door, or given away in grocery stores. Such mixtures are dangerous to use in food, and in many cities their sale is prohibited by law. Alum is a corrosive poison, and all physicians condemn baking powders containing it.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

Coming To Its Own.

Maxton Scottish Chief.

Two years ago the Charlotte Observer found itself out of harmony with the Democratic party, but it did not let go. As it took its medicine however, it could not control its facial contortions and a cartoonist might have discovered there some rare and fortune-provoking wrinkles. In our opinion the more manly course would have been to have gone out then as Bradshaw and others did, for in its two years of grimacing it has produced among its readers a colony of wry faces that are fond of squeaking "that fellow Bryan." During the past year the Observer has often said, as nearly everybody else has said, that Bryan would be the nominee of the Democrats in 1900, yet, still it stuck. But when Bryan was nominated a short time ago, that threw the Observer into spasms and it could walk no further with its quondam party. "We cannot support Mr. Bryan." Of course we will not suport Mr. McKinley. Of course, of course.

But it seems that Mr. McKinley can support the Observer; for its chief owner was appointed last week a member of the Industrial Commission, a place of much importance. Expansion, whether it comes in the guise of imperialism or only "benevolent assimilation," is very attractive to some people and some papers just now, and they are willing to take it whether it be passed in a Republican waiter or Populist gourd, either in solid or liquid form. The Observer is not the only paper in the State that takes its Jeffersonian medicine with a wry face, in these days of threatened spontaneous combustion. There are others. But all things gravitate toward their own.

There are papers today supporting Bryan in their editorial columns, and opposing him in their selections from their contemporaries—a favorite way of cussin without seeming to. There are papers sailing under Democratic colors who cannot or do not hide the sneer which seemingly abides in a majority of editorial references to these chief candidates. Yes, there are such papers, but they are not numerous, and we may thank the Ruler of events that wry faces will not prevent W. J. Bryan, one of the greatest leaders the Democratic party has had in all of its history of great achievements, from being elected.

University Summer School.

The summer session of the University, just closing, has been well attended and excellent work has been done. This session includes the Teachers' School, the summer term and the summer Law School. The total number in attendance has been 145.

The prospects for the coming session are most encouraging. There have been an unusual number of applications for rooms, and everything points to a large attendance. The Carr dormitory stands ready for occupation and the exterior work upon the Alumni building is practically complete. The filter engine, etc., for the waterworks have come and work upon this will be pushed as rapidly as possible.

Examinations for entrance will begin on September 12th and continue three days. The fall registration of students will be held on September 13th, 14th and 15th.

In India, the land of famine, thousands die because they cannot obtain food. In America, the land of plenty, many suffer and die because they cannot digest the food they eat. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It instantly relieves and radically cures all stomach troubles. King Bros.

News of Interest.

There are two republican state tickets in Delaware.

A Chinaman who had lived in Staunton, Va., for eighteen years visits China on a state department passport and on return is not allowed to enter the United States. Several others who have lived in Jacksonville, Fla., for many years are arrested on the ground that they are illegally living in this country.

The important development in the Chinese situation yesterday was the decision of the government not to send any troops to China. All the troops now at sea, amounting to 4,000, together with those under orders for service in the Far East which have not sailed, amounting to about 3,000 more, will be sent to Manila. These troops will sail on the same route, and, upon touching at Nagasaki, will go on to Manila, unless there are developments in China not now expected which would make their presence in that country necessary.

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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 30, 1900

E. J HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

For President:

WILLIAM J. BRYAN,

of Nebraska.

For Vice President:

ADLAI E. STEVENSON,

of Illinois.

THE FIRST SHOT AT THE FUSION PRIMARY.

In his pronunciamento of August 8th, Mr. R. R. Clark, the McKinley member of the platform committee of the late Democratic State convention—who, according to his account, used his colleagues as if he owned the whole of them—laid down the law to the prostrate Democracy as follows:

"Every man, then, who voted the Democratic ticket in the August election is entitled to express his preference for Senator in the primary at the November election, no matter how he votes in November, or whether he votes at all. These are the facts as they were understood by the platform committee of the Democratic State convention."

In the course of our editorial commenting on this startling proposition, we took occasion to say, among other things, as follows:

"It is evident that no honorable man will accept a Democratic nomination secured by the votes of men who are in battle array against the party which he is to represent at Washington, and therefore we know that our Democratic candidates will, as soon as they have surveyed the situation, declare that they will receive only the votes of Democrats."

Elsewhere we print General Julian S. Carr's announcement of his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the United States senatorship. It is the first announcement by any candidate. When the Democratic reader has taken a look at it, he will join us in saying "Bravo, General Carr," for he has led the way in declaring that he will have none of Mr. Clark's fusion electorate for his dependence. He addresses himself "TO THE DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS OF NORTH CAROLINA" !—and very properly adds that "all the supporters of our cause in the August election are invited to participate in the primary"—that is, to qualify themselves for such participation by establishing their title to be enrolled among the body of "Democratic Electors" by voting the Democratic tickets which are presented to the voters on the day on which the primary is held.

We can see now what a stimulus will be given to the voting for Bryan and our Congressional tickets by the appeals which each of the distinguished gentlemen who seek the Senatorial nomination will make to the electors to come out to the polls and vote for him. And, on the other hand, we realize the tremendous power which these gentlemen would exert against Bryan and our Congressional candidates if they should confine their appeals to the fusion electorate that Mr. Clark would hobble them with.

We imagine that such a bare-faced proposition for treachery has never before been made. The queer thing is that none of Clark's colleagues have yet denounced his proposition. We cannot remember, if we ever knew, who they were; but we assume that none of them is of the same kidney as their McKinley spokesman.

General Carr has made a good beginning.

THE TRICKS OF THE McKINLEY DEMOCRATS.

A subscriber, writing about a business matter, adds: "I was intensely interested in your editorials in regard to the McKinley Democrats. Another feature you have not mentioned, which to me was strong evidence that something was wrong, was the question why the amendment was not voted for at the same time the President is, so that both elections might have been carried upon the same wave of party enthusiasm."

The reason assigned at the outset, as we understood it, for separating the elections, was that the absence of a Federal issue in a purely State election would minimize the chance of Federal interference, which was to be feared in such an effort to disfranchise the "wards of the nation." Having, by this thoughtful provision, made the prospects of carrying the disfranchising amendment as good as could be, the Bryan people were led to understand that the November election would be a walk-over for Bryan if they would but unite with the McKinleyites to make a success of the previously held State election. Having secured the hearty alignment of the Bryanites on the same side with themselves by this implied promise, the McKinleyites proceeded to outwit our people, and with their usual success. They postponed the disfranchisement of the 80,000 negro voters affected by the amendment until after the national election—and we doubt very much whether ten per cent. of the Democratic voters were aware of the fact.

In the same way, as we have before pointed out, the McKinleyites induced all our papers but one, by the implied promise to be true to the Democratic party, to heap maledictions upon the Populists—whose help is indispensable if the McKinleyites should desert us, and if the corporation influences, which gave us the backing necessary to carry the State election, should shift their backing to the bosses of the 80,000 ignorant negroes when Mr. Hanna orders their mobilization in November. The McKinleyites have already deserted us; it is hardly necessary to point out that the corporations will shift their backing in the way described; and the Populists are simply infuriated. The silly story that the Populists had all voted with us in the late election is exploded by the returns of the election now made public. As a good many thousands of negro votes—Halifax alone supplying some 2,500—are included in our 186,000 votes for Aycock, and a great many thousands (possibly the bulk) of the 80,000 ignorant negroes did not vote at all, or, at least did not vote the Republican-Populist ticket, the question arises, how was the opposition able to muster its 126,000 votes without the solid Populist vote? The asking of the question seems to answer it.

But the sharpest trick of all which the McKinleyites have played on us, was their turning our senatorial primary guns against us. They fought the primary as long as they decently could—by sneers at the "initiative and referendum" and other such subterfuges—when they suddenly gave up opposition; put Mr. Clark into a Trojan Horse; and, if his startling account of his own prowess be true, hypnotized our people into declaring for a mongrel primary which is capable of securing a more certain defeat of the Democratic will than any device that could be contrived, viz: by making it the interest of each of the senatorial candidates to run an anti-Bryan canvass. In a contest before such an electorate—viz: the fusion forces by which we carried the August election, in which our experience, so far, is that the McKinleyites are the dominant element—it is plain that General Ransom, whose name we see mentioned, or Mr. F. I. Osborne, whose name is also mentioned and who, we believe, is opposed to Bryan and the Democratic platform, could easily defeat the Democratic candidates.

Now, what are we going to do about it? Continue a sporadic cussing of the Charlotte Observer for its treachery? Why, that should have been done, and by the full band, in 1896 and 1898. The horse was then still in the stable. No, the things which are now the practical things are (1) the securing of the same official treatment of the anti-Bryan newspapers claiming to be Democratic as that which was officially accorded to the Asheville Gazette; and (2) a Democratic interpretation of Mr. Clark's McKinley fusion primary plank.

There is no inherent difficulty in doing either of these things; and, if both are done, it will bring the Populists back to us, and assure the State for Bryan.

ALL SIGNS POINT IN ONE DIRECTION.

In previous articles, we have called attention to the dominant influence exercised by the McKinley part of the fusion forces by which we won the late election, over the rest of the combination. The astounding *ex post facto* interpretation of the senatorial primary plank of the late Democratic State convention which has been given out by Mr. R. R. Clark, the McKinley member of the platform committee, has lead us to look more closely into the matter and to search the records for the past two years and a half bearing on the subject.

One swallow does not make a summer, nor does one suspicious incident in any human affair justify us in jumping to a conclusion that all is wrong connected with it. But when we find a number of such incidents all pointing in one direction, and each involving a vital part of the affair, we are justified in the conclusion that an intelligent direction guided them all. Such an investigation as we have referred to justifies the conclusion that the McKinley "Democrats" whom we fused with in 1898 have had an eye to every vital point in the great contest between Bryanism and McKinleyism, and have improved the opportunity which their access to our councils has afforded, to wound us in those very points, whilst we slumbered in fancied security.

THE CURIOUS 1898 OUTCOME.

As will be recalled, the State Democratic committee, when it met on the 22d of February, 1898, for the purpose of calling the State convention, unanimously adopted the following resolution, viz:

"Whereas the Democratic organization of North Carolina is a part of the National Democratic organization, and whereas this committee in the custodian of the interest of said organization in North Carolina—

"Resolved 1. That the committee endorse the patriotic address of our National Chairman, Hon. Jas. K. Jones, seeking to unite the silver forces in the impending Congressional contests."

On the 16th of April of the same year (1898), Chairman Jones sent to each county chairman in North Carolina his famous appeal for co-operation between the Democrats and the Bryan Populists, as an act essential to national success in 1900. This appeal was signed also by Senator Stephen J. White, Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee.

This was followed, a few days after, by Mr. Bryan's letter to the National Committeeman for this State, to the same effect.

On the morning of the meeting of the State Convention, May 26th, a caucus of the delegates who favored loyalty to the National organization unanimously adopted the following resolution, viz:

"Whereas the Democratic party is a national organization, and whereas the Democratic organization of North Carolina is a part of said organization—

"Resolved that we endorse the letter of Mr. Bryan and the address of Chairman Jones seeking to unite the silver forces"

This resolution was rejected by the platform committee, and was not brought before the convention. If it had been, it would, of course, have gone through with a whoop, as we have heretofore said; for the North Carolina Democratic constituencies are very loyal to party authority, and would have been shocked at turning their backs upon the urgent requests of their great leaders. It is important to recall the fact that the people of North Carolina were at that time in the greatest state of excitement over the Spanish war, the First Regiment of Volunteers having just left for the front, and the companies that were to compose the Second then pouring into Raleigh. It is safe to say that except for this circumstance, so favorable to the work of the McKinleyites, the outcome would not have been what it was.

The result was what the McKinleyites were playing for: fusion with them and consequent widening of the breach between the two wings of Bryanites. To blind the people to what had happened, the McKinleyites secured the insertion of the above rejected resolution in a number of unsuspecting papers as a part of the platform which had been adopted. If it had been adopted, not only would white supremacy have been secured peaceably and in order, but, as Mr. Bryan pointed out, the co-operation of the anti-Republican forces in the nation greatly facilitated. It is worth noting, by the way, that Mr. Bryan's and Chairman Jones's propositions for co-operation received unanimous endorsement by the supreme party authority, the Democratic convention, at Kansas City on July 5th, last, which appointed a committee to confer with the Populists and silver Republicans with a view to the co-operation which has since been effected.

THE CURIOUS 1902 FEATURE OF THE AMENDMENT.

As originally published in February, 1899, "Section 2" of the Legislative Act (not of the *Amendment* proposed in the Act) was as follows:

"Section 2. That all of the provisions of the Constitution relating to suffrage, registration and elections, as contained in this Act, amending the Constitution, shall go into effect on the 1st day of July, 1902, if a majority of the qualified voters of the State so declare at the next general election."

As will be seen, the above is capable of more than one construction; but this uncertainty was no doubt removed in the minds of many by the last section of the Act, which was as follows:

"Section 5. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification"

The word is "ratification," not "passage."

At the June session of the Legislature "Section 2" of the *Act*, as above quoted, was replaced by Section 9 of the proposed *Amendment*, which was as follows:

"Section 9. That this amendment to the Constitution shall go into effect on the 1st day of July, 1902, if a majority of votes cast at the next general election shall be cast in favor of this suffrage amendment."

THE CURIOUS UNCERTAINTY ABOUT THE PRIMARY PLANK.

The report of the Primary plank of the platform was given in the Raleigh Post of April 13, as follows:

"We favor the enactment of laws by the next General Assembly providing for the holding of primary elections for the nomination of State and county officers, representatives in Congress and United States Senators and the candidate who receives the majority of the votes so cast in the whole State, shall receive the support of the Democratic members of the Legislature; and if no candidate shall receive such a majority, then the committee shall hold a second primary at which the two highest candidates shall be balloted for and the one receiving the majority of the votes so cast shall receive the support of the Democratic members of the Legislature, Provided that if any third candidate shall receive at the first primary, so held, within 2,500 votes of the second candidate, then in that event the three candidates receiving the highest vote shall be balloted for at the second primary, and the one of the three receiving the largest number of votes shall receive the support of the Democratic members of the Legislature for United States Senator."

"We hereby instruct the State Executive Committee to make provision for the holding of a primary on the first Tuesday of next November for the selection of a United States Senator by the Democratic voters of the State, at which every elector who has voted the Democratic ticket in the State election shall be entitled to cast one vote for one man for United States Senator."

The report of the Primary plank of the platform, as given in the Raleigh News and Observer of April 13, was very different, and is as follow:

"We hereby instruct the State Executive Committee to make provision for the holding of a primary on the first Tuesday of next November for the selection of a United States Senator by the Democratic voters of the State, at which every elector who has voted the Democratic ticket in the State election shall be entitled to cast one vote for one man for United States Senator, and the candidate who receives the majority of the votes so cast in the whole State shall receive the support of the Democratic members of the Legislature; and if no candidate shall receive a majority then the committee shall hold a second primary at which only the two highest candidates shall be balloted for and the one receiving a majority of the votes so cast shall receive the support of the Democratic members of the Legislature.

"Provided that if any third candidate shall receive at the first primary, so held, within 2,500 votes of the second highest candidate, then in that event the three candidates shall be balloted for at the second primary, and the one of the three receiving the highest number of votes, shall receive the support of the Democratic members of the Legislature for United States Senator."

The Democratic handbook gives only the second paragraph as above quoted from the Post.

No reference, so far as we know, has been made to this wide discrepancy, and the subject seems to have been absolutely untouched until Mr. Clark broke out on August 8th with his interpretation—an interpretation which, if allowed to stand, means the loss of many thousands of votes to Bryan, and the gain of many thousands for McKinley.

It will be observed that the departure from the common expectation, or the common understanding, in each of the above vitally important cases, was in the direction of rendering Mr. Bryan's success in this State, or in the nation, or in both, impossible.

The Democrat who sincerely desires Mr. Bryan's election will not shut his eyes to these unpleasant facts, but, rather, will intelligently use them in behalf of party integrity.

GENERAL CARR ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY.

General Carr requests us to publish the following:

DURHAM, N. C., August 25, 1900.

To the Democratic Electors of North Carolina:

At your last State convention you declared through your delegates, in the platform adopted, in favor of a primary election on November 6th, 1900, to decide your preference for a Senator of the United States, for the term beginning March 4th, 1901. I favored this action then and I heartily endorse it now. The primary will be held; our party is not afraid to trust the wisdom of the people. All the supporters of our cause in the August election are invited to participate in the primary. For many years the conviction has come home to many of the best thinkers of the country, that the election of the U. S. Senators should be committed directly to the people—the source of all political power. In the absence of the necessary and needed constitutional change the primary affords the nearest possible approach to an election of Senators by the vote of the people.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for United States Senator, and ask your support in the primary. My record as a citizen and a Democrat is fairly well known to many of you. I ask for it no greater consideration than is justly accorded the records of those able and honorable gentlemen whose names have been mentioned for this high position. In this contest I shall not attempt in any way to detract from the merits of my competitors. We are all Democrats; we are all members of the same great political household; we have fought side by side its great battles; we have by united efforts and undivided strength achieved its great triumphs.

In the recent election—the great uprising of the Anglo-Saxon manhood—we achieved a notable victory, fraught with far-reaching and important consequences; imposing upon you the entire responsibility and burden of State government, and as a part of this the imperative duty of providing adequate educational facilities for the boys and girls of our State. You will meet these greater responsibilities bravely and fearlessly, and discharge their duties patiently and wisely. We are no longer, as in the past, to be kept busy with the cares of preserving our homes safe, but will reach out to participate more freely in the principles of the nation. We shall now strive on the higher plane of effort and statesmanship.

My political principles are those of the Democratic party; they find excellent and thorough expression in the National and State platforms; I need not summarize their declarations. To each of them and to both of them I yield most ready and unswerving support. They are the voice of my party, speaking in its appointed channels. I obey that voice; and if your choice shall fall to me I shall in every way endeavor to have those declarations become the law of the land by appropriate statutes.

The industrial and educational progress of North Carolina will command my earnest attention, and zealous service. Its large agricultural interests will receive my watchful care and I will ever strive to foster and protect the same from hostile legislation. I have endeavored, as best I could, to aid in the agricultural, industrial and educational development and advancement of our State. I have endeavored to aid the public and private schools as far as I could. I believe, with confidence, I can accomplish more in these directions in the enlarged field of high official position and aided by my experience and knowledge attract greater attention to the resources and opportunities offered by our State. The general upbuilding of our commonwealth will command at all times my earnest and loyal endeavor. I shall strive to protect our people from the dangers and disasters of Force Bills and preserve from Federal interference our new Constitutional Amendment, the submission and adoption of which by such an overwhelming majority, adds new glory to the "Old North State." The earnest solicitations of my old comrades in arms have influenced me no little in deciding to submit my name for your suffrages. The old Confederate veteran realizes that the young men of a new generation will soon have entire charge of the old Ship of State; a few years more and the last one of them with a halo of precious memories around him, will have fought his last fight and departed from the scene of action. But while he yet lives and lingers in sweet and sad memories of the glorious past, he will feel a brighter satisfaction to be again represented in our highest Council by one of the "Boys who wore the Gray."

Fellow Democrats: my services have been yours in every campaign since I became of age; services gladly given without desire for, or expectation of, reward save only the gratification of a deep and abiding love for my native State, my people, my party and its glorious principles. My only ambition is to serve better my native State, to aid more in its agricultural and industrial upbuilding and its educational advancement; to promote the welfare and happiness of its people, and should you choose me to serve in the Senate of the United States my loyalty and devotion to my State in the past, in war and in peace, can give you assurance that you shall have the same measure of both in the future.

Yours very truly,

J. S. CARR.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

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Trolly Car Accident.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Rochester, August 25—A trolly car on the City Line plunged down a fifty foot embankment here this morning. The car was crowded and twelve persons were seriously injured.

An Explosion In Germany.

By cable to the Observer.

Berlin, August 25—An explosion destroyed most of the Royal Military Fire Works factory at Spandau to-day. An enormous quantity of material was consumed, and one man was killed.

Four Chinese Ministers Beheaded.

By cable to the Observer.

Pekin via Shanghai, August 25.—It is now known that four of the Yamen ministers and one court officer were beheaded during the siege because of foreign sympathy. The chinese court is now stationed at Preotisyoru.

Boxers Continued Atrocities in South China.

By cable to the Observer.

Hong Kong, August 25.—Rioting in southern China continues with burnings and other atrocities. A mob of Boxers has destroyed the Christian mission at Yatook on the Canton river and many native Christians were tortured to death.

International Jealousy.

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, August 25.—M. Lanessque, Minister of Marine, states that acting on the suggestion of Gen. Frey, commander of the French troops in China, the commanders of the allies have decided to organize an international commission similar to that which was established in Crete, and which will be entirely independent of Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee. It duties will be to select points in China which may serve each power as a base for provisioning and equipping its forces there. The impression prevails in army circles here that Fry's action is intended to cut the ground from under Von Waldersee's feet.

To Oppose the French.

Shanghai, August 25.—It is reported that the Viceroy of Sheehuan has sent a body of troops to oppose the French near Mengton district on the frontier between Tuan Nan Province and Tong King.

Taku, August 25.—Transports are pouring into Teku. Three large German vessels have arrived and are unloading. One regiment that has disembarked is on its way to Pekin and another is bound for Tien Tsin. Three Russian vessels also are in the harbor. The Fifteenth infantry, Third Artillery and five hundred American marines are camped at Tien Tsin awaiting orders, and rations for forty days are being forwarded to Pekin. One hundred civilians have left Pekin including the Customs force are on the way down the river. The foreigners here desire that an expedition shall be sent against Poo Ting Fu to destroy the city and avenge the massacre of foreigners which occurred there.

EXECUTION OF LIEUTENANT CORDUA.

Met Death Bravely.

By cable to the Observer.

Pretoria, August 25.—Lieutenant Cordua, the Transvaal army officer who was tried upon the charge of being implicated in the plot to kill the British officers and abduct Lord Roberts, and who was convicted by a court presided over by Judge Godfrey, was shot in accordance with the sentence this morning. The ex-Transvaal officer was warned last night that the sentence would be carried out to-day. The chaplain visited him and remained all night. This morning Cordua was marched to the place of execution in the garden of the jail. He was cool and brave when the warders left him. An officer ordered the firing party take up arms for the volley. The prisoner had walked to the place assigned not bound and sat in a chair with his arms folded, facing the garden wall. After the necessary orders finally came the order to fire. Cordua, who had arisen, fell dead. He was buried close by.

A Boer Ruse.

By cable to the Observer.

Kruegersdorf, August 25.—A commandany appeared yesterday before Bank station with a large force and summoned the garrison commanded by Lord Albemarle to surrender, which the garrison refused to do. Meantime Gen. Dewet took advantage of this ruse and crossed the river toward the Orange River colony.

Fitz Went to a Ball Last Night.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, August 25.—Today the lucky betters on Fitzsimmons were cashing their bets. Over one hundred thousand dollars were up in wagers that Fits would beat Sharkey. After knocking Sharkey out last night Bob Fitzsimmons with twelve thousand five hundred dollars in his pockets, went with his wife to a ball and danced all night.

To Attack thd Allies.

By cable to the Observer.

Tokio, August 27.—An official dispatch says that the Chinese have not abandoned hope of retaking Pekin. A dispatch signed by Gen. Yamagata says the Chinese and Boxer forces assembled at Manyuen aggregate nine thousand men and fifteen guns. It is believed they will begin an attack on the allies.

The Allies Besieged—Chinese Hold Them in a Trap.

By cable to the Observer.

Tien Tsin, August 27.—Late Pekin advices indicate that the Relief force is besieged in Pekin. Fighting in the south and southeast of the city is reported and the Americans and British are engaged. Chinese hordes, thirty thousand strong hold the allies in a trap. More troops are needed.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, August 27.—The silence of Gen. Chaffee is considered ominous by the officials here. Not a word has been received from him in a week. An explanation may be found in the fact, it is argued, that the allied forces are surrounded and besieged by the Chinese army.

The Pope and The Throne of Italy—Says His Position is Intolerable.

By cable to the Observer.

Rome, August 27.—A circular note from the Vatican has been sent to all the Catholic governments in regard to the change in the Italian throne. It declares that the Pope renounces non-Papal rights over the Roman provinces, composing the patrimony of St. Peter's. It affirms that since 1870, the condition of the Papacy under Italian rule, has always been growing worse. That the religion of her ministers and the Pope himself has been at the mercy of fanatical sectionaries, favored by the government. The Pope invokes the assistance of Catholics and the Catholic States to relieve him from the intolerable situation, and concludes that until Italy has recognized the rights of the Holy See, the Pope will not recognize the New King of Italy as King of Italy but only as King of Sardinia.

A Terrible Tragedy in New York.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, August 27.—H. M. Stridiron, a wealthy Chicago lumber merchant, was shot twice in the head in his room at the Vendome, this morning by H. J. Ford, of Boston, his friend, who then blew out his own brains. The double tragedy was the result of a murderous frenzy, induced by heat and excessive drinking. Stridiron was taken to a hospital with two mortal wounds, a bullet hole in the back of the head and another in the forehead above the right eye. Before he sank into unconsciousness, Stridiron said he didn't know why Ford wanted to kill him. "He came into my room," he said, "hot, and took off his things. I walked over to touch the button to order a drink, when he fired at me while my back was turned. I fell back against the wall, he turned and walked to the window and looked out, far down the street. He then put the gun to his head and fired, his arms went up in air as he reeled and the gun fell, hit the sill and bounced out, I heard it fall on the street." After he fell on the floor Stridiron crept to the door and had just struggled out into the hall to give the alarm when a clerk and elevator boy arrived. In Ford's pocket was found a letter reading as follows. "The better the day the better the deed, I hope my friend will forgive me for this act. I hope to spend a better life in the next world than in this."

An Important Anarchist Arrest.

By cable to the Observer.

Rome, August 29.—An anarchist one of whose names is Antonio Teprato, was arrested today in a Carraro wineshop. In his possession were found orders from one of the American branches of the International brotherhood, giving him directions as to "The King." A revolver, two poignadrs and a bottle of oily fluid were found in his portmanteau. He arrived in Naples the first of last week. He managed to chew up and swallow paper which the police tried in vain to recover.

Bresci on Trial.

By cable to the Observer.

Milan, August 29.—Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert, was brought here for trial this morning. He was brought into court heavily ironed, under an escort of soldiers.

An immense crowd gathered about the court early this morning. The hearing began at 9 o'clock. Bresci sat in the dock calm and almost indifferent. His counsel, Signor Merlino, made requests on various grounds for an adjournment, all of which were refused. It is said that Bresci wrote the judges that he would not reply to the interrogatory. Soldiers and Gendarmes are plentifully scattered about the court room.

Buller Occupies Machadorp.

By cable to the Observer.

London, August 29.—Lord Roberts reports under date of Belfast, August 28: Buller's advance occupied Machadorp this afternoon. The enemy made a very poor stand and retired northward, followed by Dundonald's mounted troops, who could not proceed beyond Helvetia on account of the difficult nature of the ground, and because the enemy took a position too strong to be dislodged by mounted troops.

Still in Darkness.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, August 29.—While the story of the defeat of the Allies at Pekin is discredited in both Washington and London, the advices from the Chinese capital indicate that the International forces were six days ago about to make a southward movement which, until the arrival of details or explanation, may give rise to some anxiety. Gen. Chaffee is reported to be preparing to maintain fifteen thousand men all winter.

Russia to Demand Hands Off.

By cable to the Observer.

London, August 29.—A special dispatch from St. Petersburg contains the remarkable assertion that Russia almost immediately will notify the Powers that she considers relief of the Pekin legations as the final accomplishment of the military task of the allied forces.

Mothers endorse it, children like it, old folks use it. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. It will quickly cure all throat and lung troubles. King Bros.

A Million Women

have been relieved of female troubles by Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine.

The letters of a few are printed regularly in this paper.

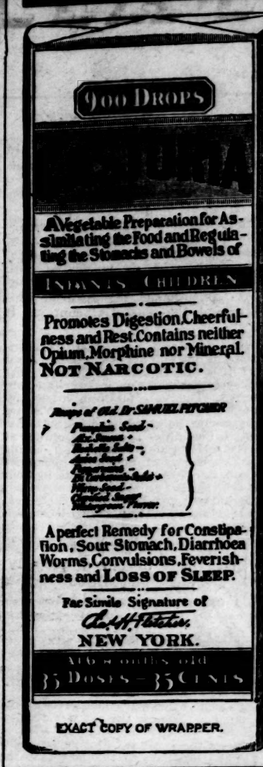
If any one doubts the efficiency and sacredly confidential character of Mrs. Pinkham's methods, write for a book she has recently published which contains letters from the mayor of Lynn, the postmaster, and others of her city who have made careful investigation, and who verify all of Mrs. Pinkham's statements and claims.

The Pinkham claims are sweeping. Investigate them.

THIRTY YEARS OF CURES

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

"Digests what you eat."


900 DROPS
Alcoholic Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

When You Start Housekeeping, Start Right!

A Buck Stove or Range

WILL ADD TO THE COMFORT OF THE HOUSEHOLD. SEE OUR LINE OF

"Enamel Ware"

.....AND.....

Many Other Conveniences For the Kitchen.

You no doubt know by this time that we are headquarters for

SASH, DOORS, LIME, And other Building Materials.

Paint:

We have a lot of about 200 cans of paint we got in buying out a hardware stock and we are offering it at about half price

We have just received a fresh stock of Gum and Leather Belting, Lacing and Packing.

"Satisfaction to Our Customers" is our motto.

BUCK'S HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE

Beaver Dam Items.

Beaver Dam, August 23, 1900.

"All is quite along the Potomac tonight."

Hello! isn't it hot weather.

The very hot weather along with the drought has almost ruined crops in our section.

Mrs. John Fisher returned to Moultrie, Ga., this week after a pleasant sojourn in our community with friends and relatives.

Mr. Henry Rushing, of Moultrie, Ga., is in our section visiting friends and resting awhile from his arduous duties as assistant cashier of the bank at Moultrie.

Mr. A. J. Hall opened school at Clay Fork last Monday.

Rev. W. R Johnson filled his regular appointment at Evergreen church last Sunday.

The "smiling band" has resumed business at the old stand, and are more prosperous than ever. Some are almost married, so reports say. We can only say happy life to you.

Mr. K. S. Carty, Sr., still remains on the sick list.

Mr. G. L. Hall, who was recently sunstroke and was very sick, is better, we are glad to say.

Mrs. Mary Bullard returned to Manchester this week, after spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. E. E. Fisher. JACK.

Hon. F. M. Simmons for the United States Senate should be the slogan of every Democrat now. Lets give him a unanimous vote at the fall primary—he is worthy to wear the mantle—he has earned it grandly. Let's give it to him and pay him for the grand victory he has lead us to.

How sad it makes one feel to look at the farmers these hot and dry days, almost everything dead or nearly so. Oh the sad life the weary and tired farmer leads, when he has worked all the spring and summer then his crop cut short by the drought, and he is left in a condition to work harder the next year than ever. Oh for a rain, a regular "trash mover."

Ordered to Manila.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, August 28.—The First U. S. cavalry arrived at Kobe this morning and were ordered to Manila instead of China.

Catarrah Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease; and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrah. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Shot at His Wife.

Friday one of Sheriff McLeod's deputies brought to this city a negro named Charles Spearman who was arrested in Lumberton Thursday by Sheriff McLeod on a warrant from the Sheriff of Cumberland.

On the 21st of last April, Spearman, who lived in Cedar Creek, shot at his wife several times in an attempt to kill her. He failed to accomplish his purpose, but made his escape into Robeson, where he has been in hiding ever since.

He was tried last Saturday before Magistrates N. C. Thaggard and J. T. McKay and bound over to the Criminal court.

Freight Train Wreck.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Lyons, N. Y., August 28.—The New York Central and Hudson River R. R. suffered ten thousand dollars damages here this morning in a freight wreck. One freight ran into a regular freight. There were no casualties.

LEMONS AS MEDICINE.

They regulate the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Blood as prepared by Dr. H. Mozley, in his Lemon Elixir, a pleasant lemon drink. It cures biliousness, constipation, indigestion, headache, malaria, kiney disease, fevers, chills, heart failure, nervous prostration, and all other diseases caused by a torpid or diseased liver and kidneys. It is an established fact that lemons, when combined properly with other liver tonics, produce the most desirable results upon the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys and blood. Sold by druggists. 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR.

Cured me of sick and nervous headache, I had been subject to all my life.

MRS. N. A. MCENTIRE.

Spring Place, Ga.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR

Cured me of indigestion and nervous prostration. I got more relief, and at once from Lemon Elixir than all other medicines. J. C. SPEIGHTS,

Indian Springs, Ga.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR

Cured me of a long-standing case of chills and fever, by using two bottles. J. C. STANLEY, Engineer E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR.

Cured me of a case of heart disease and indigestion of four years' standing. I tried a dozen different medicines but Lemon Elixir done me any good. TULES DIEHL, Cor. Habersham and St. Thomas Sts., Savannah, Ga.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR.

I fully indorse it for nervous prostration, headache, indigestion and constipation, having used it with most satisfactory results, after all other remedies had failed. J. W. ROLO, West End, Atlanta, Ga.

dly sat & wkly

THE OBSERVER

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., AUG. 30, 1900

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the veiws or statements of correspondents—and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correspondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

☞The date on your label tells you when your subscription expires. Receipts for money on subscription will be given in change of date on label. If not properly changed in two weeks notify us.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Clyde Steamship Line—Sailing Days.
Q. K. Nimocks—When in Doubt.
Hollingsworth & Co.—Have Moved.
The New Book Store Co—School Books!
Huske Hardware House—When you start, etc.
John W. McLauchlin—Raeford Military Institute.
W. H. Britton, J. W. Johnson—Notice of Dissolution.
Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil and Fertilizer Company—Farmers of Cumberland County.

We offer the Weekly Observer and Home and Farm, one year, for only $1.25; two papers for almost the price of one.

"Home and Farm" is one of the popular papers among the farmers. It has four departments—woman's, children's, poultry and dairy. Subscribe now.

"Old Hawk" Dead.

"Old Hawk," the celebrated deer hound of Mr. N. C. Thaggard, of Cedar Creek, died Friday night, aged about thirteen years. The dog was well known to many of our local sportsmen.

Bad Affair at Lumber Bridge.

Friday at Lumber Bridge a negro saw mill hand struck a white man in the head with a large piece of scantling, knocking him senseless and inflicting a serious wound. The negro made his escape.

Work on the Graded School.

Work on the Seminary building is progressing rapidly and it will be completed by next Thursday. The cost of the repairs, etc., necessary to make it suitable for a graded school building, will be about $250. It will be one of the finest graded school buildings in the State, and will be able to accommodate at least one thousand pupils.

The graded school will reopen on the 17th of September, but the children will meet at the new building on the 13th to be graded.

Robbery in Broad Daylight.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon thieves entered the residence of Mr. C. L. Moore on Gillespie street and carried off a lot of clothing and other articles. Mrs. Moore was at home at the time, but did not hear them until they had almost ransacked the house, and, when she did call out to see what caused the fuss, the fellows made off before she could see them.

The bloodhounds were put on their track immediately, and trailed them to a point on Cool Spring street near Capt Taylor's residence, where they evidently took a cart and made off.

Populists in Session.

The Populist Executive committee met in United States Commissioner Morrisey's office Saturday at noon. They considered the course of their party in Cumberland in the coming election and discussed matters pertaining to the late election.

Among those present we noted: ex-sheriff Geddie, ex-clerk of the court Cyrus Murphy, ex-county commissioners J. A. Gainey and J. A. McFarland, ex-county treasurer J. R. Smith, ex-superintendent of public instruction H. S. Averitt and ex-deptuy sheriff Dan. Culbreth.

Canvassing the Vote.

The State board of canvassers, of which Mr. J. D. McNeill, of this city, is a member, is still in session in Raleigh canvassing the State vote in the late election. They have completed canvassing the amendment and Governor's vote. The vote for the amendment stood: For, 182,217; against, 128,285, the majority for the amendment being 53,932. The total vote cast was 310,502.

The vote for Governor stood: Aycock, Democrat, 186,650; Adams, Fusionist, 126,295; Democratic majority 60,354.

State Crop Report.

The crop report for August was issued by the Agricultural Department yesterday and it is a most interesting one. It says:

Crop prospects are not encouraging, and little or no improvement can be expected. July showed a decrease in condition, greatly augmented by August in most sections. The seasons have been most unusual—excessive rains in some places, followed by drought, while in others the drought was hardly broken in two months. In some areas the seasons were favorable. It is for these reasons very difficult to make a satisfactory estimate of the crops and their condition.

The estimate of cotton is 73; that of the United States is 80. For corn the estimate is 75; that of the government 82; but the government got its report out August 1st, while the State report is later, and during the interval there was a steady decline in conditions. All crops will be far from promising.

In Cumberland the cotton crop is off at least 33⅓ per cent. and the corn crop 40 per cent.

A POWDER MILL EXPLOSION

Removes everything in sight; so do drastic mineral pills, but both are mighty dangerous. Don't dynamite the delicate machinery of your body with calomel, croton oil or aloes pills, when Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are gentle as a summer breeze, do the work perfectly. Cures Headache, Constipation. Only 25c. at B. E. Sedberry & Sons drug store.

This Week a Busy One—Teachers' Institute and Veterans Meet

The greatest part of this week will be devoted to the sessions of teachers' institute for white teachers, conducted by Prof. Mangum, who will deliver one or more addresses, as will also Profs. Crittendon, of Wake Forest; Massey, of the State Agricultural and Mechanical College; Mims, of Trinity; Kester, of the Baptist University; Noble of the University of North Carolina.

Since the programme was announced a letter has been received from Prof. Henry Lewis Smith, of Davidson, stating that he would accept the invitation extended him, and that he will arrive here on Wednesday and deliver a lecture that day, taking for his subject: "The teacher ouside his textbook," or if preferred, "Bicycling through Europe."

Next Wednesday, 29th instant, the Confederate Veterans of Cumberland county, will enjoy their annual reunion.

Division of A Big Property.

Messrs. Britton and Johnson, the big lumber manufacturers and turpentine distillers of this county, give notice in another column of a dissolution of partnership.

We see, by the deeds recorded Saturday, that a division of property has taken place, Mr. Britton retaining all property connected with the manufacture of lumber, and Mr. Johnson taking the turpentine interests of the firm. The value of the property involved is said to be about $200,000, an equal division of which has been made. The deeds recorded in the case required $85 in war stamps.

These gentlemen have made a phenomenal success in business since their firm was established, and have made themselves very popular with every body.

J. R. Melvin's Raid.

Mr. J. R. Melvin, formerly of this county, and now a woodsman's employed near Waycross, Ga., made a raid all by himself on the negro population of that place last week.

The Waycross Herald says:

"J. R. Melvin, the woodsman of T. J. Strange, created the wildest excitement on lower Plant avenue this afternoon. He learned of the shooting of Policeman Lee last night, and he said that his North Carolina blood got stirred up. At 3 o'clock this afternoon he decided to 'clean out the niggers' in Waycross.

"Arming himself with a four foot stick, Melvin started in a fast walk down Plant avenue. Every negro in sight he gave just 10 minutes to get out of town. Melvin is nearly 7 feet tall and the ferocious look he gave a negro when he found one soon started him in a hurry off the streets.

"Melvin stopped when he got to Wilson's store, only because there was nothing to conquer. He had not been drinking, but says that he wanted to show that he had North Carolina blood in his veins, and that the whites were still boss."

Runaway Marriage.

Mr. Edward W. Hair and Miss Will Wood, a very young couple from Carvers Creek township, were married Monday morning by J. T. McKay, Esq. The young lady, who was exceedingly pretty, blushingly admitted to the Magistrate that she had to run away from home to marry. This is the third or fourth runaway marriage from Carvers Creek within the past two months.

Mrs. Dye's Store Robbed.

Sometime during Sunday night robbers entered the millinery store of Mrs. M. R. Dye, and carried off a pocketbook, a pair of scissors and trinkets of little value. They made no attempt to get into the safe, apparently being satisfied with the pocketbook. In this they were probably disappointed, as it contained only a few stamps and receipts. An entrance was effected through a window on the west side of the building.

There is no clue as to the robbers, though the police have several persons under suspicion.

Placed in a Cell.

Mr. J. L. York, who was placed in jail Thursday by United States Commissioner Morrisey, to await trial at the Federal court on a charge of using the mails for fraudulent purposes, was placed in a cell Monday morning. Since his imprisonment he has been allowed the freedom of the lower floor with the hospital as headquarters. This morning one of the prisoners who slept in the hospital ward with him informed deputy sheriff Skipper that he saw York get up about 2 o'clock that morning and make a close examination of the door which leads to the corridor, off which extends the balcony on the second floor. From this point it would be an easy matter to escape. The informer said that he was sure York was making an examinaton with intent to escape.

Lieutenant MacKethan at Kure.

Mr. Clarence Hatch, of the branch hydrographic office, says the Savannah Morning News of Saturday, received a letter yesterday from Lieutenant A. A. MacKethan, U. S. N., formerly hydrographer in charge here, but now on the battleship Oregon, dated at Kure, Japan, July 27. The Oregon was then undergoing repairs. Dispatches of the last few days report that the work is nearly finished and the ship will be ready for sea within a week. Lieutenant MacKethan had hoped to see active service when he was assigned to the Oregon, but instead has seen very little so far.

P. I. L. I. Election of Officers.

At a well attended meeting of the members of the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry at the armory Monday night the following commissioned officers were re-elected for the ensuing year: Major, J. G. Hollingsworth; first captain, N. H. McGeachy; second captain, E. T. Watson; third captain, E. R. MacKethan; fourth captain, J. H. Ledbetter.

The non-commissioned officers, who are appointed by the commissioned officers, will be announced next Monday night.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Caroline de Berniere Mallett died on Friday morning last, the 24th instant, at the home of her son, Mr. John W. Mallett, near Eustis, Florida, aged eighty years and five months. Her remains were brought to Chapel Hill, her place of residence, and interred in the cemetery there beside her husband. She was the wife of the late Dr. William P. Mallett, a distinguished physician of Chapel Hill, formerly of Fayetteville. She leaves two daughters, Miss Eliza Mallett, now in Florida, and Mrs. Sophia McNider, of Chapel Hill, and the son above mentioned.

Mrs. Mallett was the daughter of the late Major Carleton Walker, of Rocky Point, near Wilmington, an English gentleman of high lineage, who deserves more than passing mention. He came to this country just after the close of the Revolution, at the instance of his uncle, Major Jack Walker, the Revolutionary patriot, fresh from Eton and Oxford. His mother was the Hon. Jane Wodehouse, of the noble family of that name, and his grandfather, James Walker of Broadstruther, was High Steward of Northumberland, where his family had been large land owners for centuries. He signalized his devotion to his adopted country by serving in the war of 1812 against Great Britain, when he became an officer on the staff of General Gaines with the rank of Major. He married, first, the daughter of Colonel Edward Mosely, by whom he had one son, who died in early manhood; next, Miss Legare, the sister of Hugh S. Legare, of Charleston, who died childless; and, lastly, Caroline, daughter of Colonel Peter Mallett, of the North Carolina Continental Line, by whom he had a numerous progeny including the subject of this notice. He lived for many years in much splendor on his estates on the Northeast Branch of the Cape Fear.

The deceased lady was a fine type of the gentlewoman of the earlier part of the century. She was blessed with graces of body, mind and soul; possessed of remarkable firmness of character as well as of engaging manners; and enjoyed throughout her long life the affection of a wide circle of relatives and friends.

More About Mr. York.

Speaking about the arrest of J. L. York in this city, charged with fraudulent use of the mails, the Telegram, of Greensboro, (where York resided for several years) says:

"York is well remembered in Greensboro, where he is sometimes referred to as 'York of mineraline fame.' This non de plume attaches to him on account of a gigantic scheme he inaugurated while here two or three years ago. By grinding up soapstone, or some other material, he proposed to provide a substitute for flour, the proceeds from which were to make him a modern Croesus. This scheme was exposed in its infancy.

"When York first came to Greensboro he was one of the proprietors of the Southern Varnish Works and appeared to do a profitable business. The plant, which was located south of town, was destroyed by fire."

The Wilmington Messenger, commenting on the above, says:

"The following from the Greensboro Telegram tells of a 'slick duck' who has operated in Wilmington, and who was quite a familiar figure on our streets just about a year, as the promoter of a paint factory."

A Life and Death Operation.

Monday Mr. W. T. Hair, who was struck such a powerful blow on the head by a negro at Lumber Bridge Saturday, was brought up to this city and placed in the Marsh-Highsmith sanitarium. Tuesday morning the man was operated on, his skull being trephined. The skull was fractured in several places, and pressing on the the brain, and several great clots of blood were also found formed on the brain. The patient passed through the operation well enough, and is now sleeping under the influence of opiates. It is impossible as yet to tell whether he will survive the operation or not, though the signs are rather favorable.

The negro, who dealt the fearful blow and made his escape, was named Andrew McLean.

Mr. Hair, who is just 19 years old, was a resident of Cedar Creek before he went to work in the saw mill at Lumber Bridge. His mother was an anxious visitor at the sanitarium Tuesday.

Turpentine Stills Must Be Registered.

We doubt if there is a turpentine distiller in Cumberland county or this section that knows that the Federal law requires his still to be registered before September 1st. Under the Internal Revenue act of 1898 all stills, turpentine included, are required to be registered with the Internal Revenue officials. The enforcement of the act, as applied to turpentine stills, has been overlooked and that matter has just recently been called to the attention of the revenue officials.

A ruling has been issued by Internal Revenue Commissioner Wilson to the effect that all such stills must be registered by September 1st or the owners will become subject to a penalty of $500, from which there will be no recourse or redress.

It is said that the requirement of registration as to turpentine stills is due to the fact that the stills used in the turpentine business are the regulation copper stills which can be used for distilling whiskey, and the framers of the law doubtless considered it well to have a record of all these stills.

It costs nothing to register them. The local revenue officers here when asked about the matter knew nothing of it.

The wolf in the fable put on sheep's clothing because if he traveled on his own reputation he couldn't accomplish his purpose. Counterfeiters of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve couldn't sell their worthless salves on their merits, so they put them in boxes and wrappers like DeWitt's. Look out for them. Take only DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures piles and all skin diseases. King Bros.

THE INSTITUTE.

A Week of Great Importance.

We take pleasure in publishing the following excellent communication on the subject from Mr. J. M. Lamb:

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Aug. 27. 1900.

Editor Observer:

Knowing that the OBSERVER has ever been an earnest worker and a leader in every movement for the moral, intellectual and material uplift of our people, I trespass on your valuable space a few thoughts about the Teachers' Institute. I think I can confidently afirm that in the nearly thirty years I have lived here, there has never been one week so full of fat things for the intellectual man as this one. In addition to the Institute proper, conducted by Prof. Mangum, we will have representative men from the University, the A. & M. College, Trinity College, Wake Forest, Davidson (Wednesday evening at 5 o'clock) and the Baptist Female College. Now who should attend these lectures? First, every parent or other person having children to educate. Second, all our young men and young women. Third, every patriotic citizen. The amendment to the constitution of North Carolina has been adopted. On every stump, in every paper in the last campaign we promised the people if they would vote for the amendment we would give such facilities for obtaining an education that none need go without. We have commenced this work in old Cumberland county, our city fathers have nobly taken hold of this work, now let the people show by their presence that they are in sympathy with the movement. Old Fayetteville started the graded school movement in North Carolina and now she starts this movement for a nine months school in reach of every child in North Carolina. We have a goodly heritage, for doubtless God never gave to any people a grander piece of this old world for a home. He expects us to subdue it. Let us be up and doing.

Yours truly,
JAMES M. LAMB.

Great Industrial Improvement.

An OBSERVER reporter, in making his daily rounds of the city, yesterday was much gratified to see the great transformation that has taken place at the Fayetteville Oil Mill. The ginnery has been entirely demolished and in its place has been erected one of the finest system ginneries in the State. The system in use is what is known as the "Munger-Pratt," and its working to the ordinary observer is very interesting. The cotton is taken by suction direct from the wagon and distributed automatically to the gins, and thence through a condenser to the double box, steam traming presses. While one press is being filled with cotton from the gins, the other is delivering the finished bale. It is said that a bale can be turned out complete in about fifteen minutes. The thorough cleaning given the cotton during the ginning process, is said to improve the quality very much. We were informed that forty bales per day can be easily ginned, against twenty-four at their old ginnery. Such evidence of confidence in the future of this city, as shown by the considerable outlay connected with this new ginnery, should be rewarded by a liberal patronage.

We were also pleased to note the erection of a large additional seed warehouse, made necessary by the growing business of this company. The Fayetteville Oil Mill is one of Fayetteville's oldest manufacturing enterprises, and it gives us much pleasure to note the above evidences of prosperity.

Back From Europe.

Mr. Alex. K. Sessoms and sister, Miss Ruby, of Waycross, Ga., have been in this county visiting relatives. Mr. Sessoms is on his return trip from the Paris exposition. While away he visited London, Edinborough, Heidleberg, Geneva and other noted places in Europe.

Mr. Sessoms is one of Cumberland's sons who has grown rich abroad.

A Special Cabinet Meeting.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, August 29.—A special cabinet conference on the Chinese situation is being held at the White House house today. Coming so close on the regular cabinet meeting of yesterday, it gives rise to expectation of important developments.

President McKinley appoints former Presidents Harrison and Cleveland as two of America's members of the international board of arbitration under The Hague treaty.

A. B. WILLIAMS,
COTTON BUYER,
HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS

REVISED DAILY.

COTTON.	
Middling	8¼
Strict Middling	8¼
Good Middling, new cotton	8¼
Strict Good Middling	9¼
Prospect for cotton bright.	
NAVAL STORES	
Spirits	34
Common Rosin	1 10
Virgin	2 20
Yellow Dip	2 20
Hard	1 20
PRODUCE	
REPORTED BY A. S. KUHL, GROCER.	
Flour—1st pat., sack	$2.40@2.65
Family Flour—2nd pat., sack	$2.20 @ 2.35
Hides—dry—per lb.	8@10
" —green—per lb.	5
Wool—washed	15@20
Bacon—hog round per lb	10
" —hams	12½
" —sides—	10
" —shoulders—	9
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	40a45
Peas—clay	75
" —mixed	75 a 85
" —white,	75@85
Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel	60@65
" —unbolted—46 lbs per bushel	55@60
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	60 a 65
Lard—N. C.	10@11
Tallow	4a5
Ducks	20@25
Hens—per head	22@25
Roosters—per head	20 a 22
Turkeys—per lb	8a9
Guineas	none
Geese	25 a 30
Country Butter	15@25
Honey—strained—per lb	7
Eggs,	11 a 12
Feathers—new	35 a 40
Potatoes—Irish	75 a 90
Pork	5@6
Shucks	60c
Fodder	$1.10

SCHOOL BOOKS!

(New and Second-hand) just received.

A full and complete line of Tablets, Note Books, Composition Books, Spelling Tablets, Slates, Pencils Crayon, Inks, &c, &c., at the lowest prices

Also a fine line of Blank Books, Check, Note and Draft Books, and everything usually kept in an up-to-date book store.

TOYS OF ALL KINDS.

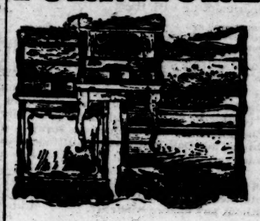
Archerevin Combination Board Game. Agents for Wall Paper.

Send us Your subscription for Ladies' Home Journal and other Magazines.

THE NEW BOOK STORE CO.,

MISS DELLA MATTHEWS. Next door to Horne's drug store. MRS M. HINSDALE.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!



It is not my intention to sell my Furniture by large attractive advertisements. I simply drop in an advertisement to remind you that

"The Old Reliable Newberry Furniture House"

is the place to get all kind of new, latest designed Furniture at the very lowest prices. I invite you to call when you are wanting anything in my line, and I feel sure that the prices and quality will sell the goods.

C. B. NEWBERRY.

WHEN IN DOUBT

buy PERFECTION and you will make no mistake. Others tell you theirs is "just as good," but why take chances? In buying PERFECTION you get the *best* and *cheapest* Flour sold in Fayetteville.

Do you need a NEW Wagon?

If so we can supply you with a MILBURN, FLORENCE or RUSSELL, two-horse and single-horse or cart, any width tire desired. A twelve months guarantee goes with each, payable in monthly instalments if desired. A full line of Wagon and Buggy Harness and Saddlery—latest and newest patterns.

Cotton Balances, Scales and Steelyards. Cotton Bagging and Ties, new and second-hand.

All Sorts Staple Groceries.

Our friends in town and in the country will find us "always ready" to meet their wants, whether large or small. Anticipating a large Fall trade we have enlarged our Stocks, and challenge a comparison of values and prices when you are ready to buy.

Q. K. NIMOCKS,

'Phone 56. Wholesale and Retail Grocer, 10 Hay street, Fayetteville, N. C.

FAST BIND, FAST FIND.

It makes a man sleep better o' nights when he knows that his earthly possessions—whether of merchandise or household goods—are well insured in good companies. If you've not insured, get in line quickly; if you are or have been, don't let your policies expire. Accident, Employer's Liability, Bonds, Workman's collective insurance written.

NIMOCKS & COOK,

General Insurance Agents,

10 Hay st., Fayetteville, N. C.

(Phone 56.)

PEACE INSTITUTE AND CONSERVATORY, RALEIGH, N. C.

A thorough school of high grade for girls. In pine belt of North Carolina so famous for health.

Judge Gray of Culpeper, Va., says: "The very best female school of which I have any knowledge." Catalogue free.

JAMES DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal.
ALFRED COWELL GOODWIN, Director.

Bankruptcy Division.

Judge Purnell Saturday modified the bankruptcy rules of this district. He makes some changes in divisions. There are five divisons, New Hanover, Pender, Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Robeson, Sampson, Duplin, Cumberland, Richmond and Harnett are in the fourth division, of which Mr. S. H. MacRae, of this city, is reappointed referee.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

RAEFORD MILITARY INSTITUTE.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 17TH, 1900.

Classics Sciences, Music and Art taught by full corps of competent teachers.

For farther information apply to

John W. McLauchlin, Secretary Board of Trustees.

SALEM

Academy and College, for Girls and Young Women. Best home care, together with full College instruction. Specialties in Music, Art, Elocution, Languages, Commercial and Industrial Studies. Institution founded in 1802. The Register shows 342 last year. New term begins Wednesday, Sept. 5, 1900. Send for catalogue to REV. J. H. CLEWELL, Principal, Salem, North Carolina.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of Marsden Haigh, deceased, late of Cumberland county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 21st day of August, 1901, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 21st day of August 1900.

CHARLES HAIGH, Administrator.

Administrator's Notice.

After having qualified as Administrator of the Estate of Jessie Blackman, deceased, late of Cumberland county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 18th day of August, 1901, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This the 18th day of August, 1900.

D. T. OATES, Administrator.

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of Britton & Johnson, was on Aug. 21st., 1900, dissolved by mutual consent

W. H. Britton assumes all of the liabilities of the late firm due and owing on account of the lumber business.

W. J. Johnson assumes all of the liabilities of the late firm due and owing in connection with the turpentine business.

All persons indebted to the late firm will settle with W. H. Britton except those whose liabilities were set apart to W. J. Johnson in the articles of dissolution.

W. H. Britton will continue the lumber business and has purchased the good will of W. J. Johnson in that business.

W. J. Johnson will continue the turpentine business heretofore conducted by the firm.

W. H. BRITTON,
W. J. JOHNSON.

Aug. 22th, 1900.

SOMETHING NEW.

HERE IT IS:

TALCUTINE,

A delightfully soft TOILET POWDER—a favorite with refined people. Positively destroys odor of perspiration. Saves waists and dresses. Money refunded if not satisfactory.

☞See our new line of

TOILET SOAPS,

the daintiest and choicest on the market, and offered at a small advance on cost.

H. R. Horne & Sons.

HOLLINGSWORTH & CO. HAVE MOVED IN McMillan Bros. Store Across the Street. Come to see Us. New Goods Every Day.

FRESH TO-DAY.

LOWNEY'S

(name on every piece)

CHOCOLATE AND BON BONS

in ½, 1 and 2 lb. packages

Only 60 Cents a Pound.

Also 10 and 15 cent packages at

King Bro.'s Pharmacy,

Hotel LaFayette Building.

FOR SALE.

One good milch cow, about five years old; with calf six weeks old Now giving four gallons. For particulars apply to

D. K. TAYLOR, Fayetteville.

Aug. 20th.

FARMERS —OF— CUMBERLAND COUNTY:

We offer you superior facilities for Ginning your Cotton this season, as we have recently erected a

NEW 3-70 SAW Munger-System Ginnery,

consisting of Double Box Press with steam tramper, Suction Elevators, etc. Cotton taken directly from wagon, distributed to gins, baled and

DELIVERED IN ABOUT FIFTEEN MINUTES,

thus doing away with the long and tedious waiting necessary at our old ginnery.

TOLL $1.25 A BALE.

Bales weighing over 505 pounds 15 cents additional.

Bagging and Ties as low as charged at any other first-class gin

A reduction of 10 cents per bale will be allowed to any customer who may wish to deliver his own cotton.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in every way, and will endeavor to merit your continued and increased patronage.

We will, as usual, be in the market for Cotton Seed and will, at all times pay highest market price for same.

Fayetteville Cotton Oil and Fertilizer Co.

August 1900.

A new Private Hospital, just opened for the treatment of Medical, Surgical and Gynecological diseases of all kinds. New building with all modern conveniences—heating, lighting, ventilation, drainage, perfect; elevator; hot and cold baths on every floor. Best equipped operating room. Most modern hospital furniture. Experienced trained nurses and matron. Terms moderate. Address

DRS. MARSH & HIGHSMITH, Fayetteville, N. C.

Walter Watson, GUNMAKER and dealer in FIRE ARMS.

Parker, Colt, Remington, Westley, W. & C. Scott, Richards, Peter Webley and Premier

Shot Guns and Repeating Rifles.

Colt, Remington, Smith & Wesson, Harrington & Richards and Forehand Arms Co. Revolvers.

Paper and Brass Shot Shells, Pistol and Rifle Cartridges, Loaded Shells, Keystone B. L. Implements, Hunting Coats, Hunting Vests, Leggings, Gun Cases. Belts, Leather and Canvas Cartridge Bags.

Gun and Rifle Powder direct from the Magazine and Shot from the Factory. Send for catalogue and price-list of the above goods.

WALTER WATSON, Fayetteville, N. C.

WAGONS.

Just received a car load of the "Old Hickory" Wagons and Carts, all styles and sizes.

We Can Save You Money if You Will Examine Our BUGGIES Before You Purchase.

We make a specialty of nice BUGGY HARNESS, and have a nice lot of Double and Single Wagon Harness, Strap Goods, Bridles and Saddles.

See our Fine WAGON SADDLES.

A. E. RANKIN CO.

THE BINGHAM SCHOOL, ORANGE COUNTY, Near MEBANE, N. C.

(Established 1793.)

Offers your boys a beautiful and healthy country home in Piedmont section of N. C., on the Southern R'y. Wholesome and abundant food and plenty of shade, pure water and fresh air. Faculty of seven specialists. Bible, physical culture and penmanship, specialties Thorough classical, scientific and commercial courses. Scholarships, prizes and medals. No extras, but every course for one fee Healthful sports enjoyed. For handsomely illustrated catalogue, sent free, address PRESTON LEWIS GRAY, Principal, Bingham School, Mebane, N. C.

Tried Friends Best.

For thirty years Tutt's Pills have proven a blessing to the invalid. Are truly the sick man's friend.

A Known Fact

For bilious headache, dyspepsia sour stomach, malaria, constipation and all kindred diseases.

TUTT'S Liver PILLS
AN ABSOLUTE CURE.

A Welcome Visitor.

Mr. Jno. R. Myrover, former proprietor of the Fayetteville Observer-Gazette, afterwards on the staff of the Louisville Courier-Journal, and for some years largely engaged in insurance in the Western and North Atlantic States, arrived Thursday to visit his mother, Mrs. U. C. Myrover, on Haymount.

Herring—Deal.

Mr. J. Harrison Herring and Miss Mary J. Deal were united in marriage Wednesday evening at the residence of the bride's brother Mr. W. W. Deal, by Rev. J. O. Tew, in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives. It was a quite home wedding, but a very pretty one. The bride received a number of handsome presents. We wish the young couple much happiness.

Death of Mrs. W. E. Moore.

Mrs. W. E. Moore died Wednesday night at her home in lower Fayetteville, age 64 years. The funeral took place from the residence at 4 o'clock Thursday p. m. and the interment was in the family graveyard. The deceased was a consistent member of the Christian Church for the past 25 years. She was the widow of the "old blind preacher," a familiar figure on our streets up to the time of his death several years ago.

A Terrible Riot at Akron, Ohio—Caused in an Attempt to Lynch a Negro.

A negro named Louis Peck was arrested in Akron, Ohio Wednesday charged with having attempted to assault Christiana, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Maas, industrious and respectable people who live on Perkins Hill. The story of his confession spread like wild fire throughout the city and officers learned that an attempt would be made to lynch him. In the police court Peck pleaded guilty and was bound over to the common pleas court. His bail was placed at $5,000. A mob of several thousand people soon assembled and surrounded the city prison. This they searched, but, failing to find the negro, went to the county jail. This they also searched in vain, and then, learning that the negro had been spirited away, they became infuriated and began an attack on the City Hall where the chief of police and city officials had taken refuge. All this was taking place between twelve o'clock and up to the time the morning papers went to press. Our despatches this afternoon tell of the terrible loss of life and disaster wrought.

The Telephone Matter.

Below will be found a communication from the manager of the Carolina Telephone and Telegraph Company in regard to Fayetteville and the long distance 'phone question. We are gratified to see therein that the company, itself, contemplates a long distance system from Fayetteville. This is a most important matter to our people and we trust that the company will push it to a speedy conclusion:

Tarboro, N. C., August 22, 1900.

MR. EDITOR: Noticing the communication of "Business Man" in your issue of August 21st, we desire to explain some things mentioned in same. In regard to the rate in your city, it is $2 50 for business, $1 50 for residence, or $1 for residence when taken in connection with a business 'phone, being an average of $1 66⅔ per 'phone, for continuous service, except some hours on Sunday, while the straight rate at the exchanges referred to by "Business Man" is $1 50, and no service after 9 p. m. In fact, Fayetteville has a lower rate than any city in North Carolina its size, so far as the writer knows. Furthermore, exchanges at some of the places mentioned by "Business Man" have only from 30 to 50 'phones, while Fayetteville has about 180, so it can be seen that the Fayetteville subscriber gets more, including night service, than the subscriber of the small exchange, even if he does have other towns to talk to, as the demand for the use of the local 'phone is a great deal greater than for the use of a 'phone in another town.

In regard to the line to Red Springs, we had same completed there and working for some time, but were compelled to move it from the town by the town council, because we would not give the subscribers of their local exchange free use of line. If we could possibly get the town council of that place to permit it, we would only be too glad to make the connection. This company has contracts out now for a number of poles, some of which will be used for building lines, giving Fayetteville outside long distance connections that at present she has not. We desire to give our patrons in Fayetteville the best service possible, and are always ready to listen to and follow up any suggestion that they make to us. We realize that the growth of Fayetteville and our growth are on the same footing.

CAROLINA TEL. & TEL. CO.
GEO. A. HOLDERNESS, Gen. Mngr.

QUESTION ANSWERED.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers' and grandmothers' never thought of using anything else for Indigestion or Biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of Appendicitis, Nervous Prostration or Heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headache and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

The quicker you stop a cough or cold the less danger there will be of fatal lung trougle. One Minute Cough Cure is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. You will like it. King Bros.

AN IMPORTANT ARREST LAST FRIDAY.

J. L. York Charged with Fraudulent Use of The Mails

Mr. J. L. York, who has been in this city for the past six months, representing himself as a paint manufacturer desirous of establishing a large factory, also the owner of several mines in the South, was arrested in this city Friday by Deputy United States Marshal H. E. Averitt, at the instance of Mr. Jeremiah Connolly, postoffice inspector for Eastern Carolina.

Mr. Connolly said to an OBSERVER reporter this morning that he had received advices that York was using the mails for fraudulent purposes, so he came here yesterday to investigate the matter. He discovered that York was obtaining goods, such as machinery, lumber, oil, etc., from all parts of the country by sending orders through the mails on very fine stationery with richly engraved letter heads—one set bearing the title of the National Manufacturing Company of Fayetteville, N. C., and another the Southern Paint and Varnish Company of Fayetteville, N. C. Mr. Connolly discovered that there were no such enterprises here, and that York was simply using this means to establish confidence and obtain goods. Mr. Connolly established three points upon which he says he relies to convict York. First, that there are no such enterprises here as set forth by York; second, that York sent the misleading letters through the mails, and third, he had obtained goods from many points of the country by such means. The inspector says that under section 334 of the Postal laws and regulations of 1893, and section 5,480 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, York could be convicted upon the establishment of the above facts. The penalty prescribed is a fine of $500 for each offence, or eighteen months imprisonment, or both.

York was taken before United States Commissioner Morrisey immediately after his arrest, and on motion of the prosecutor the case was continued until September 12th. The prisoner's bond was fixed at one thousand dollars and on failure to give this he was placed in jail for safe keeping.

York came to Fayetteville six or more months ago and represented himself to be a man of means and desirous to establish a paint and varnish factory. He looked at several sites, partially decided on one and ordered a lot of lumber for the commencement of its construction. He also subscribed to take 100 horse power from the Cape Fear Electric Power Company. Our people soon began to be suspicious of him, however, and paid no attention to his schemes or proposals. It is said that meanwhile he was ordering goods, such as paints, oils, machinery, etc., from abroad, and if they should happen to come without bill of lading attached he would receive them and work them off on unsuspecting parties at very low figures. If the goods came bill of lading attached he wold make no effort to obtain them.

It seems that he resided in Greensboro for several years, running a furniture factory and a little paint shop, and that just before coming to Fayetteville, he had stayed at Wilmington several months, representing himself in much the same way as he has done here.

An Observer reporter called on Mr. York in jail this afternoon and found him greatly distressed about his imprisonment. He said that it meant the ruin of his business career, but expressed perfect confidence in his acquittal when the case is tried. He was born in Randolph county, where his mother and father still reside.

Hanna's "Non-Partisan" Agencies.

Charlotte News.

The most insidious agencies used by the Republican party are those which, while professing to be non-partisan or neutral, are as surely enlisted in the cause of McKinley as the Hanna machine. One of the agencies that was prostituted by Hanna in 1896 and shows signs of the same tendency this year, is the Associated Press.

The New York Journal says: "Possibly with the exception of the Republican National Committee, there is no organization in this country that works harder or longer or with more reckless abandon for the Republican party than the Associated Press.

"Of all offensive partisans it is the most offensive. Supposed to be impartial in dealing with the news buyers of the country, it has grown into a biased and lop sided supporter of anything Republican. It has thus become a sort of political bureau for the dissemination of partisan news.

"It started on this tack during Blaine's candidacy, and has kept it up in an increasing ratio ever since.

"The Associated Press sends out every Republican document in full, while all Democratic papers are abreviated to the merest summary. In London they rake up political stuff for Republican fodder in this country, and vice versa.

"It is not at all necessary to inform the American people that the English favor McKinley. Neither will it be necessary to inform them in future that when they see a Democratic item with an Associated Press tag, they may be pretty sure that it is cut and garbled to suit the views of the political censor of that organization."

The Journal takes the Associated Press service and speaks from full knowledge and personal experience.

The Associated Press is not and never has been operated on a strict George Washington basis.

Maj. Guthrie Sick.

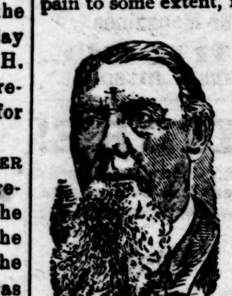
Fayetteville people will regret to learn, in the following item from a Durham correspondent, of the illness of our former townsman, Maj. W. A. Guthrie:

Major W. A. Guthrie is confined to his home by sickness. He attended the Superior Court in Roxboro last week and when he returned he was suffering with a threatened attack of fever. Since that time he has been unable to leave his room and has been constantly attended by his physician. His condition is not serious, however, and it is hoped that he will be able to get back to his office in a few days.

Sores and Ulcers

DRAIN THE SYSTEM, ENDANGER LIFE.

That old sore or ulcer, which has been a source of pain, worry and anxiety to you for five or ten years—maybe longer—doesn't heal because you are not using the proper treatment, but are trying to cure it with salves and washes. While these are soothing and relieve pain to some extent, no real, permanent good can come from their use, because the disease is in the blood and far beyond the reach of external applications.



A sore heals promptly when the blood is in good condition, but *never* if it is diseased. The tendency of these old sores and ulcers is to grow worse, spreading and eating deeper into the flesh. They are a constant drain upon the system, gradually but surely ruin the health and sap the very life. A person's capacity for work or pleasure is soon lost in the great desire and search for something to cure. S. S. S. makes a rapid and permanent cure of old sores and ulcers, and is the only medicine that does, because no other can reach deep-seated blood troubles. Ordinary Sarsaparilla and potash mixtures are too weak and watery to overcome a deadly poison that has taken possession of the blood. Do not waste valuable time experimenting with them.

A Gunshot Wound. "Some years ago I was shot in the left leg, receiving what I considered only a slight wound. It developed into a running sore and gave me a great deal of pain. I was treated by many doctors, and took a number of blood remedies, but none did me any good. I had heard S. S. S. highly recommended and concluded to give it a trial. The result was truly gratifying. S. S. S. seemed to get right at the trouble, and forced the poison out of my blood; soon afterwards the sore healed up and was cured sound and well. I now have perfect use of the leg, which was swollen and very stiff for a long time. J. H. MCBRAYER, Lawrenceburg, Ky."

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known; is made of roots and herbs of wonderful purifying properties, which no poison can resist. S. S. S. quickly and effectually clears the blood of all morbid, unhealthy humors, and the old, troublesome sore heals. At the same time the general health is invigorated and built up. When a little scratch or hurt fails to heal readily, you may be sure your blood is bad. S. S. S. will soon put it in order and keep it so.

Our Medical Department is in charge of experienced physicians, who have made blood diseases a life study. If you will write them about your case, they will gladly furnish all information or advice wanted, without any charge whatever.

SSS

Address SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

The Akron Riot—City Officials Besieged.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, August 23rd.—Mayor Young of Akron, Ohio, called upon through the telephone this morning at ten o'clock said: "The situation seems more satisfactory. The militia responded promptly to my request last night. With fixed bayonets they dispersed the mob. The chief of police is now at my house. He escaped from his house which was surrounded by the mob. I have the city officials in my house with officers of the militia. We are now in conference devising plans for the protection of the city. I fear serious trouble tonight. Myself and other city officials are protected by militia, which entirely surrounds my house at the present moment. A detachment of militia is also in camp near the city hall which was destroyed by dynamite and fire. The situation is precarious. I hope, however, with the aid of the State soldiers to prevent further violence. Business was resumed this morning. The banks and stores are all open."

Akron, August 23, (special).—The Fourth Regiment arrived here this morning and marched through the streets with fixed bayonets. The mob fled before the soldiers. The city hall is in ruins. The loss of that alone is one million. The mob started for the home of chief of police, the troops hurrying to disperse the crowd. Five were killed and two are dying. Two buildings were burned and one partially wrecked. Property worth two millions was destroyod. Two of the dead are babies, one was shot dead in its mother's arms. The mayor and city officials were besieged in the city hall two hours before they escaped through the rear window.

Chief of police Harrison became deranged by last night's work and an other chief has been appointed.

Cleveland, August 23.—The Peck negro whom the Akron mob searched for last night is in jail here. Another negro named Howard has also been brought here as it was feared the mob might attack him.

Akron in Hands of Military.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Akron, August 24.—Akron resembles a military camp this morning. Armed sentries patrol every street near the scene of the riot. Twelve companies are now in camp.

Fears for the Allies.

By cable to the Observer.

London, August 23.—The foreign consuls at Shanghai, not having received anything from Pekin other than on August 17th, fear that the Chinese troops are operating along their rear, cutting off communications

Cable from Lord Roberts.

By cable to the Observer.

London, August 23.

Lord Roberts cables today: "It seems certain that General Dewet finding it hopeless to make his way eastward has recrossed to Magaliesberg, with a few wounded, with the intention of returning to the Orange river Colony. His guns were mostly buried. His personal following is not more than three hundred."

Great Naval Demonstration at Shanghai.

By cable to the Observer.

London, August 23.—A Shanghai dispatch says: "There are twenty-seven warships of various nations here and at Wusang. The combined displacement is about 77,000 tons and carry crews aggregating 7,000. More vessels are expected today. It is believed here that international jealousy is the cause of this great naval assemblage.

Demand Execution of Tuan.

By cable to the Observer.

Shanghai, August 22, (delayed)—The Chinese report that the allies at Pekin demand the execution of Prince Tuan, the ringleader of the anti foreign movements. Tuan's idea in imprisoning Yung Lu, was to make him a scapegoat. It is learned that the Governor of Luanon Province has issued a placard announcing the extermination of all the foreigners in North China, and urging Nunanese to do likewise. It is reported that several ladies of the Pekin legations have died from the effects of the hardships of the siege."

The New Assistant Post Master General.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, August 23—William M. Johnson, the newly appointed First Assistant Post Master General arrived here this morning and was sworn in. Later he recieved the Chiefs of Bureaus. He will begin his new duties the latter part of September in accordance with an understanding when he accepted the office.

British Steamer Wrecked—Many Lives Probably Lost.

By cable to the Observer.

Aden, August 24th.—The British steamer Ingra, bound for New York is ashore near Cape Guardsful, Africa, and is probably a total loss. Captain Burkell, eight Europeans and twenty blacks, members of the crew have been picked up. The rest are missing. They took to the boats and may have reached the coast. African savages are plundering the wreck.

Chaffee says Fighting is Over.

By cable to the Observer.

Pekin, August 16, via Shanghai, 23.—The allied troops have surrounded the imperial city and stationed sentries at the gates. They refrain from entering, pending instructions from their governments. Gen. Chaffee says the fighting is ended.

Capt. Reilly was buried in the legation grounds, Gen. Chaffee, British and Japanese Generals and many civilians were present.

Loubet Believes Dreyfus Innocent.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Paris, August 24.—The tireless efforts of Madame Dreyfus to secure a complete vindication of her husband have at last borne fruit. The President is preparing a message asking for a general amnesty for Dreyfus and the five persons sentenced by the High Court. Afterwards it is stated President Loubet will retire from the Presidency.

Sentenced to Death.

By cable to the Observer.

Pretoria, August 24.—Lieut. Cordua, found guilty of complicity in the plot to murder the British officers and abduct Lord Roberts, has been resentenced to death.

Again Attacks Missions.

By cable to the Observer.

London, August 24th.—A dispatch from Hong Kong says that the Chinese Metts are wrecking the missions in the Fukien and Kiangsi Provinces. The French mission at Kwantsung was attacked by a mob, but the attacks was repulsed by marines from the French gunboat Comet.

Burned the Japanese Temple.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, August 24th.—Consul Johnson at Amoy, China, cabled this morning: "The Japanese temple at Amoy was burned by a Chinese mob. Marines were landed to protect the Japanese officers, while order is being restored."

The Body of Baron Von Ketteler Found.

By cable to the Observer

Berlin, August 24.—A Pekin dispatch says that the body of Baron Von Ketteler was found in a Chinese cemetery near where he was assassinated. It was found on examination that death was caused by a bullet in the head. The body will be reinterred in a Christian cemetery.

Casualties During Siege.

By cable to the Observer.

London, August 24th.—Additional Pekin news is contained in a dispatch received at St. Petersburg from the manager of the Russo Chinese bank, dated Pekin, August 14. It says that the casualties during the siege were 75 killed and 120 wounded.

Fighting Resumed Near Tien Tsin.

A dispatch from Tien Tsin says that fighting has been resumed in that vicinity. The Chinese attempted to cut the Allies communications but were repulsed. The losses of the Allies was slight. An official dispatch from Pekin via Tokio says the Allies have burned the residence of Prince Tuan.

Suffered Frightful Barbarities.

A dispatch from Shanghai to the News Agency says that fourteen English missionaries who started together from Shansi have reached Mankow after suffering frightful barbarities.

Cable from Remy.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, August 24.—Admiral Remy cables from Taku under date of August 22: "Cable open to Taku. All the troops of the Hancock landed. The marines have gone to Tien Tsin. Private Woods of the marine corps was accidently drowned." The Hancock carried four companies of the Fifteenth infantry, four battalions of the Third artillery and about five hundred marines.

Huntington's Will.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, August 24.—C. P. Huntington's will was filed today. The bulk of the great estate goes to the widow, his son and nephew. Mrs. Huntington has the larger share. Hampton Institute gets $100,000. Princess Hatsfeldt gets only an income from seven millions during her life.

Big Fire in France.

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, August 24th.—A big fire is raging at Bordeaux. Fifteen houses have already been destroyed and the fire is spreading.

His Life was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with Typhoid Fever, that ran into Pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of Consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvellous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

Millions will be spent in politics this year. We can't keep the campaign going without money any more than we can keep the body vigorous without food. Dyspeptics used to starve themselves. Now Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and allows you to eat all the good food you want. It radically cures stomach troubles. King Bros.

Mr. Bryan on the American Citizen's Duty.

Speech at Lincoln.]

It will be the duty of every citizen to see where his duty lies. There is a privilege in being an American citizen, and there is a responsibility commensurate with the privilege. If we lived in a land where a king thought for us, we would feel no responsibility for the action of that king. But we live in a land where the citizen impresses his own opinion upon the Government, where the policy of the Government may be determined by the vote of one citizen. And I want to leave a thought with those who are to vote this fall. I want every citizen to vote as he would vote if he knew that his vote would determine this next election. [Applause] Remember what it means. You vote in Nebraska and your vote may determine the vote of this State on the Presidential ticket, and your State may determine the result. [Applause]. Remember that your vote may determine this nation's position and that this nation will, in a large measure, determine the public opinion of the world on the doctrine that governments come up from the people. [Great applause]. For 124 years this nation has held before the world the light of liberty. For more than a century it has been an example to all the world. You tell me that we can now be indifferent to what is going on? You tell me that a man who lifts his voice against the doctrine of imperialism is pleading the cause of the Filipino? I tell you he is pleading the cause of 70,000,000 American citizens; aye, he is championing the rights of the struggling masses of the world who look to America for an example. [Great applause]. If every Filipino were to die the world would go on, but if this nation, the greatest republic of the world's history puts out its light, if this republic turns back to the doctrine which we loathed a century and a quarter ago, then to what nation of the world can the people look for hope and inspiration? So you ought to be proud that you are an American citizen and are able to say, 'If the Republic goes down, I am not to blame for its downfall.'"

No Right to Ugliness.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at B. E. Sedberry & Son's drug store.

Administrator's Notice

Having qualified as administrator of Ed. P. Powers, deceased, late of Cumberland county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 13th day of July, 1901, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 13th day of July, 1900.

C. B. McMILLAN, Administrator.

D. T. Oates, Att'y.

Administratrix's Notice.

I have this day qualified as administratrix of the estate of Harry McDonald, deceased, and all persons having claims against the estate are hereby notified to present them duly authenticated on or before the 9th day of July, 1901, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate settlement.

This 9th day of July, 1900.

E. A. McDONALD, Administratrix.

B. F. McLEAN, Attorney.

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of the authority contained in a mortgage deed, executed to me on the 23rd day of February, 1897, by K. E. Barefoot, and duly registered in the Register's office of Cumberland county, in Book A, No. 5, page 6, I shall sell, at auction for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Fayetteville, on the

26th day of March, 1900,

the following real property, to-wit;

A certain piece or tract of land lying and being in Cumberland County, State of North Carolina, in Black River Township, and described and defined as follows:

Beginning at a cypress in the main run of Mingo and runs N 6½ W 25 poles and 15 links to a hickory on the side of the path; thence N 72 W 25 poles to a stake in the path; thence N 23 W 139 poles to a stake on the west side of Reedy Branch; thence S 45 W 26 poles to a small black gum in the edge of a small branch; thence South 57 chains and 70 links to a cypress knee in the main run of Mingo; thence up the main run as it meanders to the beginning, containing 100 acres and fully described in said mortgage.

This 16th day of February, 1900.

L. E. PARKER, Mortgagee.

James D. Parker, Att'y

The above sale is postponed to

Monday, Sept. 17th, 1900,

at 12 o'clock M., by mutual consent. All rights reserved.

JAS. D. PARKER, Att'y for Mortgagee.
ROBINSON & SHAW, Att'ys for Mortg'r.

It's a doctor's

Business to study health.

DOCTORS confidently recommend

HARPER WHISKEY.

THE GRADY SCHOOL,

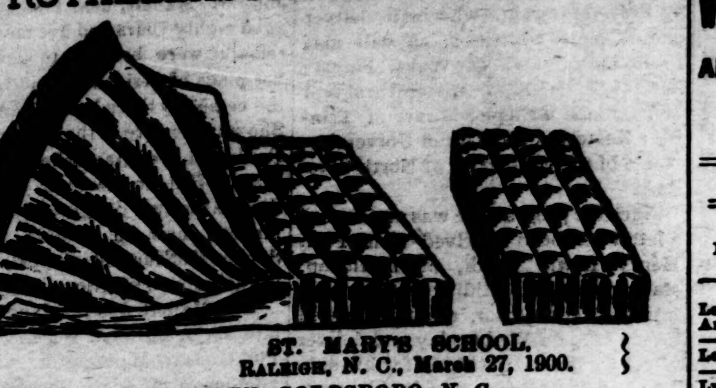
Turkey, N. C.,

Will begin its next session September 3rd. Write for particulars to

ju 26-tf B. F. GRADY.

Read What Our Customers Say About

OUR ROYAL ELASTIC FELT MATTRESS.



ST. MARY'S SCHOOL,
RALEIGH, N. C., March 27, 1900.

MESSRS. ROYALL & BORDEN, GOLDSBORO, N. C.:

GENTLEMEN: A few months ago I purchased a Felt Mattress from you. After giving it a thorough trial, I find it the most comfortable and in all respects by far the most satisfactory Mattress I ever used. I have tried both cotton and hair mattresses, and greatly prefer this to either. Wishing you much success with your Felt Mattresses, I am,

RESPECTFULLY,
MRS. M. N. QUINLEY, MATRON.

Our Guarantee:

After thirty nights' use, if it is not all you even hoped for in a comfortable bed, return it to us and we will refund you the full amount paid (without question), you not being out one cent, not even the freight

How Can You Get One?

If your local dealer does not handle our Mattress, write to us direct for pamphlet descriptive of same.

ROYALL & BORDEN,
GOLDSBORO, N. C.
Manufacturers of Furniture Mattresses, Etc.

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AGRICULTURE AND MECHANIC ARTS.

TECHNICAL EDUCATION IN:

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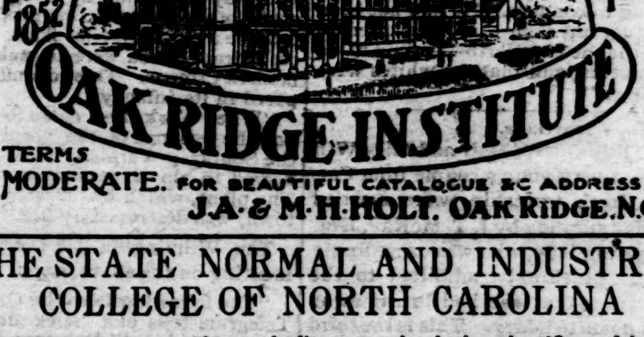
PRACTICAL TRAINING IN:

Carpentry, Wood-turning, Blacksmithing, Machine work, Mill-work, Boiler-tending, Engine tending, and Dynamo-tending.

Tuition, $20 a year; Board, $8 a month.
Next session opens September 6th.
Entrance examinations in each County Court-house, July 28th, 10 o'clock A. M.; also at the College September 4th and 5th.
For full information, address

PRESIDENT GEO. T. WINSTON,
Raleigh, N. C.



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Offers to young women thorough literary, classical, scientific and industrial education and special pedagogical training. *Annual expenses $92 to $132; for non residents, $152.* Faculty of 30 members. More than 400 regular students. Has matriculated about 2,000 students, representing every county in the State except one. Practice and Observation School of about 250 pupils. *To secure board in dormitories, all free, tuition applications should be made before August 1.* Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers. For Catalogue and other information *address until August* 15th

PROF. J. Y. JOYNER, DEAN OF COLLEGE,
CHARLES D. McIVER, PRESIDENT.

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TUITION $60.

Scholarships and Loans to Needy. Free Tuition to Candidates for Ministry, Minister's Sons and Teachers.
512 students besides 161 in Summer School. 38 teachers in the faculty.
For catalogues and information address
F. P. VENABLE, President,
Chapel Hill. N. C.

Sale of Land for Division.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland county to me directed, I will sell at public auction, for cash, at the Market House in the town of Fayetteville, Cumberland county, N. C., on Saturday, the 15th day of September, 1900, at 12 o'clock M., the following described tracts or parcels of land, situated in the said County of Cumberland, on the East side of Cape Fear river:

The first tract being the same that was deeded by Henry Lilly to Daniel M. McDonald, on the 7th day of March, 1874, and the other tracts being those deeded by William Hooper to said Daniel M. McDonald on the 15th day of June, 1883. There are contained in the said deeds 4 tracts containing in the aggregate 378 1-6 acres, and is very valuable land and finely timbered. The sale is made for a division among the heirs of said D. M. McDonald, under an order of the said Superior Court in a cause there pending wherein C. H McDonald and Eula May McDonald are plaintiffs, and Maggie Belle McDonald and J. D Croom as her Guardian are defendants. This 13th day of August, 1900.

B. F. McLEAN, Commissioner.

Executors' Notice.

The undersigned Executors named in the Last Will and Testament of Thomas S. Lutterloh, having duly qualified, hereby notify all persons having claims against the decedent, to exhibit the same to the undersigned or to either one of them on or before the 26th day of July 1901.

Persons indebted to the estate will please make immediate payment.

RALPH B. LUTTERLOH,
HERBERT LUTTERLOH,
Executors of Thomas S. Lutterloh.

R. P. BUXTON, Att'y.
Fayetteville, 25th July 1900.

TRINITY COLLEGE

Offers undergraduate and graduate courses. Large number of electives. Eight scientific laboratories, equipped with modern and advanced apparatus. Large additions to library. Complete gymnasium. Expenses low. Fifty scholarships to be awarded. $50,000 spent in improvements the past year. Send for catalogue.

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Durham, N. C.

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EXPENSES

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WARRENTON, - - N. C.

Littleton Female College.

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SPLENDIDLY LOCATED

in a remarkably healthful section in Warren county on S. A. L. Road,

BETWEEN RALEIGH AND WELDON, N. C.

Panacea water kept in building for free use of inmates.

Fifteen Officers and Teachers.

CHARGES VERY LOW.

The eighteenth annual session will begin Wednesday, September 19th, 1900.
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Littleton, N. C.

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DAVIDSON, - - N. C.

Sixty-fourth Year Begins Sept. 6th.

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Terms Moderate,

Location healthful,
Laboratories complete,

Teaching Thorough,

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J. B. Shearer,
PRESIDENT.

Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road
AND BRANCHES
AND A. C. L. RAILROAD COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Nov. 19, 1899.	No 23, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No. 163 D'ly ex Sunday	No 41, Daily.	No 49, Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Leave Weldon	11 50	8 58			
Ar Rocky Mt.	12 55	10 04			
Leave Tarboro	12 21		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mt.	1 00	10 04	5 45	5 40	12 52
Leave Wilson	1 58	10 25	7 10	6 20	2 40
Leave Selma	2 55				
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	12 19			
Ar Florence	7 25	2 34			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	......	......	7 50	......	......
Lv Goldsboro	......	......		7 01	3 21
Lv Magnolia	......	......		8 09	4 25
Ar Wilmington	......	......		9 40	5 50
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78, Daily.	No. 102, D'ly ex Sunday.	No 32, Daily.	No 40 Daily.	No 78. Daily
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 40		7 45		
Lv Fayetteville	12 20		9 45		
Leave Selma	1 50		10 54		
Arrive Wilson	2 55		11 31		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 00	9 45
Lv Magnolia				8 34	11 19
Lv Goldsboro		5 15		9 45	12 30
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 43	11 31	10 38	1 16
Ar Rocky Mt.	3 30	6 15	12 07	11 35	1 53
Ar Tarboro		7 04			
Leave Tarboro	12 21				
Lv Rocky Mt.	3 30		12 09		
Arrive Weldon	4 32		1 00		
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—train leaves Wilmington, 9 00 a. m, arrives Fayetteville 12.15 p. m. Leaves Fayetteville 12.25 p. m, arrives Sanford 1.43 p. m. Returning leave Sanford 2.30 p. m, arrive Fayetteville 3.45 p. m. Leave Fayetteville 3.50 p. m, arrive Wilmingtom 6.50 p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 a. m, Maxton 9.20 a. m, Red Springs 9.53 a m, Hope Mills 10.42 a. m, arrive Fayetteville 11.10. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 p. m, Hope Mills 4.50 p. m, Red Springs 5.35 p. m, Maxton 6.15 p. m, arrives Bennettsville 7.15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3:35 P. M., Halifax 4:15 P. M. arrive Scotland Neck at 5:08 P. M., Greenville 6:57 P. M., Kinston 7:55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A. M., Greenville 8:52 A. M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A. M., Weldon 11:33 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:10 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M., and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M, and 7:30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday at 5:30 P. M., Sunday, 4:15 P. M., arrives Plymouth 7:40 P. M., 6:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A. M., and Sunday 9.00 A. M., arrives Tarboro 10:05 A. M., 11:00 A. M.

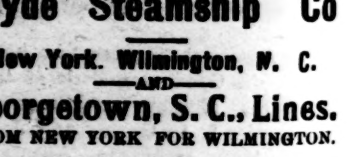
Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:05 A. M., arriving Smithfield 8:10 A. M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A. M.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A. M.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 9:30 A. M., 3:40 P. M., arrive Nashville 10:10 A. M, 4:03 P. M., Spring Hope 10:40 A. M., 4:55 P. M. Returning, leave Spring Hope 11:00 A. M., 4:55 P. M., Nashville 11:22 A. M., 5:25 P. M., arrive Rocky Mount 11:45 A. M., 6:00 P. M., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, at 11:40 A. M and 4:15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7:00 A. M., and 2:50 P. M

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.



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FROM NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON.

SAGINAW..................Saturday, Aug 25
ONEIDA....................Saturday, Sept 1

FROM WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.

ONEIDA....................Saturday, Aug 25
SAGINAW..................Saturday, Sept 1

FROM WILMINGTON for GEORGETOWN.

SAGINAW..................Tuesday, Aug 28
ONEIDA....................Tuesday, Sept. 4

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I have opened a Junk Shop at the foot of Haymount hill, and expect to pay highest Cash prices for all kinds of

Scrap Iron, Brass, Lead, Copper, Bones, Rags, Wool and Beeswax.

HIDES AND FURS A SPECIALTY.

Bring me your old goods and I will pay highest market price for same.

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Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

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